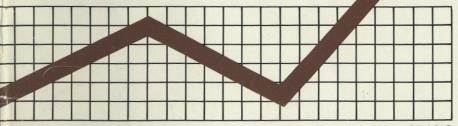
VERTICAL FILE



LIBRARY OF N.S.W.

1986
INCOME
DISTRIBUTION
SURVEY

Persons With Earned Income Australia SURVEY



Catalogue No. 6546.0

STATE LIBRARY OF N.S.W. GENERAL REFERENCE LIBRARY

NQ319.406

4

Cat no 6546.0

NEW ISSUE

1986 INCOME DISTRIBUTION SURVEY, PERSONS WITH EARNED INCOME, AUSTRALIA

IAN CASTLES

Australian Statistician

EMBARGOED UNTIL 11.30 A.M. 23 MAY 1988

NEW ISSUE

1986 INCOME DISTRIBUTION SURVEY, PERSONS WITH EARNED INCOME, AUSTRALIA

© Commonwealth of Australia 1988

IAN CASILES

Austrellen Statisticien

PHONE INQUIRIES	S • about these statistics—contact Mau State office.	reen McDonald on Canberra (062) 52 7375 or any ABS
urvey conducted by the	• about other statistics and ABS ser 52 6627, 52 5402, 52 6007 or any ABS	vices—contact Information Services on Canberra (062) State office.
MAIL INQUIRIES	• write to Information Services, ABS, office.	, P.O. Box 10, Belconnen, A.C.T. 2616 or any ABS State
ELECTRONIC SERVICES	• on VIATEL — key *656#. • on TELES	• on AUSSTATS — phone (062) 52 6017. STATS — phone (062) 52 5404.

CONTENTS

Table		Page
	Preface TAN CASTL	v
	Selected findings	1
	Persons with earned income—	
1.	mean gross annual income by source by labour force experience by sex, 1985-86	5
2.	gross annual earned income decile groups by selected characteristics, 1985-86	7
3.	mean gross annual earned income by labour force experience by sex, 1973-74 to 1985-86	8
4.	gross annual earned income by labour force experience by sex, 1985-86	10
	Full-year, full-time workers—	
5.	gross annual earned income decile groups by selected characteristics, 1985-86	12
6.	income share for gross annual earned income decile groups by sex, 1973-74 to 1985-86	14
7.	gross annual earned income by labour force experience, 1985-86	15
8.	gross annual earned income by principal source of earned income by sex, 1985-86	15
9.	gross annual earned income by State or Territory by sex, 1985-86	16
10.	gross annual earned income by age by sex, 1985-86	18
11.	mean gross annual earned income by educational attainment by age by sex, 1985-86	20
12.	mean gross annual earned income by occupation by sex, 1985-86	22
13.	mean gross annual earned income by birthplace by period of residence, 1985-86	23
14.	Full-year, part-time workers: gross annual earned income by sex, 1985-86	24
15.	Part-year, full-time workers: gross annual earned income by duration of employment by sex, 1985-86	25
16.	Part-year, part-time workers: gross annual earned income by duration of employment by sex, 1985-86	27
Appen	ndix	
1.	Explanatory Notes	28
2.	Glossary	30
3.	Technical note on sampling variability	32
4.	Publication and data dissemination program	36

PREFACE

This publication is one of a series presenting final results from the 1986 Income Distribution Survey. This is the fifth survey conducted by the ABS that has been designed specifically to collect income data from households. The data in this publication relate to persons with earned income. More comprehensive data, including information on income units, will be published as results become available.

In the survey, income was collected both on a financial year basis (in respect of 1985-86) and on a current basis, that is at the time of interview. In addition to income, the survey collected data on housing occupancy and costs.

Information on the concepts and methods used in the survey, definitions, interpretation and reliability of results is contained in Appendixes 1-3. Details of the publication and data dissemination program are contained in Appendix 4.

Compared to 2.9 per cent of males. However, mean small subject to the second of the second of the CASTLES

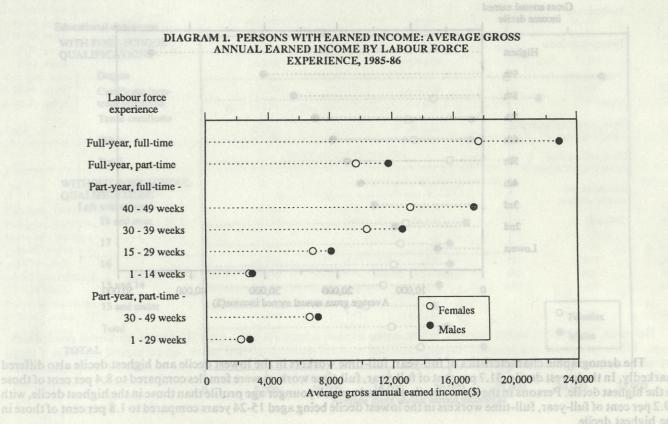
Australian Statistician

Australian Bureau of Statistics Belconnen, ACT 2616 May 1988

SELECTED FINDINGS

In 1985-86 a total of 7,014,300 persons received an average of \$17,370 in earned income (that is, income from wages or salary or from their own business, trade or profession). The majority (4,281,100) of these persons were males, 1,832,800 were married females and 900,400 were non-married females. The mean annual earned income was \$20,540 for males and \$12,410 for females.

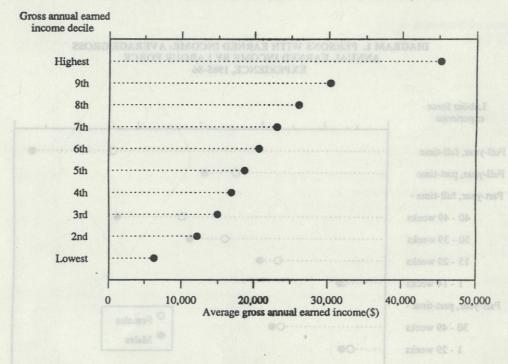
The higher level of earned income for working males compared to working females is explained in part by their different labour force experience. In 1985-86, 81.1 per cent of males with earned income were full-year, full-time workers compared to 46.5 per cent of females; 22.2 per cent of females with earned income were full-year, part-time workers compared to 3.1 per cent of males; 14.5 per cent of females with earned income were part-year, full-time workers compared to 13.0 per cent of males; and 16.8 per cent of females with earned income were part-year, part-time workers compared to 2.9 per cent of males. However, mean annual earned income for males exceeded that for females in all categories of full-time and part-time employment (Diagram 1).



In addition to the effect of different types of labour force experience, earned income varied considerably across workers with different demographic and occupational characteristics. These characteristics will be examined below only in relation to full-year, full-time workers.

In 1985-86, the lowest decile of full-year, full-time workers (the bottom 10 per cent) received 3.0 per cent of total annual earned income while the highest decile (the top 10 per cent) received 21.1 per cent. The mean annual earned income for full-year, full-time workers in the lowest decile was \$6,330 compared to \$45,310 for those in the highest decile (Diagram 2). Full-year, full-time workers in the lowest decile were fairly evenly divided amongst those whose principal source of earned income was wages or salary and those who received most of their earned income from their own business (50.5 per cent and 49.5 per cent respectively). The majority of full-year, full-time workers in the highest decile were, however, wage and salary earners (89.9 per cent). The mean annual earned income for full-year, full-time workers who received most of their income from wages or salary was \$22,350 compared to \$15,510 for those whose principal source of earned income was from their own business.

DIAGRAM 2. FULL-YEAR, FULL-TIME WORKERS: AVERAGE GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME BY GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME DECILE, 1985-86

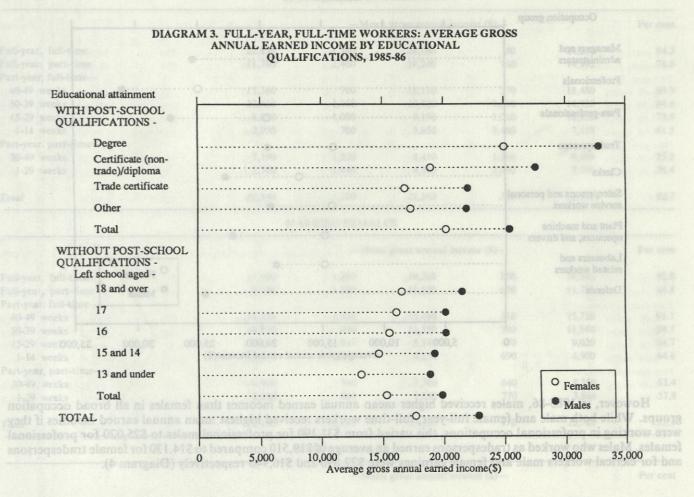


The demographic characteristics of full-year, full-time workers in the lowest decile and highest decile also differed markedly. In the lowest decile, 31.7 per cent of full-year, full-time workers were females compared to 8.4 per cent of those in the highest decile. Persons in the lowest decile also had a much younger age profile than those in the highest decile, with 29.2 per cent of full-year, full-time workers in the lowest decile being aged 15-24 years compared to 1.8 per cent of those in the highest decile.

In addition to the effect of different types of labour force experience, earned income varied considerably across workers with different demographic and occupational characteristics. These characteristics will be examined below only in relation to full-year, full-time workers.

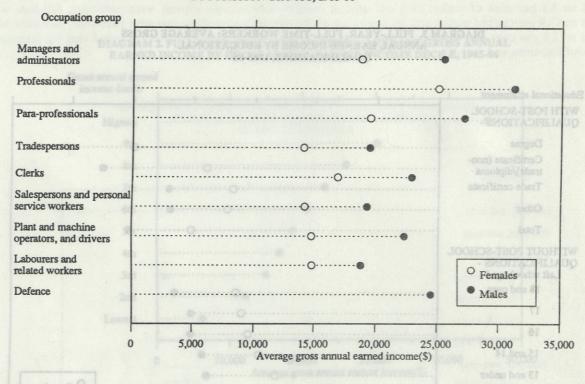
Full-year, full-time workers aged 15-24 years had a mean annual earned income of \$15,110 compared to those workers aged 35-44 years who had the highest mean annual earned income of \$23,970.

Full-year, full-time workers in the lowest decile also had much lower educational qualifications than those in the highest decile. In 1985-86, 33.8 per cent of persons in the lowest decile had post-school qualifications compared to 75.5 per cent of those in the highest decile. Mean annual earned income varied with educational qualifications from a low of \$17,760 for workers who left school aged 13 or under and had no further qualifications to \$30,580 for workers with a degree from a tertiary institution (Diagram 3).



The level of mean annual earned income also varied considerably for full-year, full-time workers in different occupations. Mean annual earned income for persons in broad occupation groups ranged from a high of \$29,320 for professionals to \$17,160 for salespersons and personal service workers. The distributions of male and female workers across occupation groups were very uneven. For instance, 25.5 per cent (885,500) of male workers were tradesmen with a mean annual earned income of \$19,510 and 38.1 per cent (483,900) of female workers were clerks with a mean annual earned income of \$16,940.

DIAGRAM 4. FULL-YEAR, FULL-TIME WORKERS: AVERAGE GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME BY BROAD OCCUPATION GROUPS, 1985-86



However, in 1985-86, males received higher mean annual earned incomes than females in all broad occupation groups. While both male and female full-year, full-time workers received highest mean annual earned incomes if they were working in professional occupations, this varied from \$31,190 for professional males to \$25,020 for professional females. Males who worked as tradespersons earned an average of \$19,510 compared to \$14,130 for female tradespersons and for clerical workers male and female earnings were \$22,890 and \$16,940 respectively (Diagram 4).

TABLE 1. PERSONS WITH EARNED INCOME: MEAN GROSS ANNUAL INCOME BY SOURCE BY LABOUR FORCE EXPERIENCE, 1985-86

		O O MONE IN	Cource of gross and	пиат іпсоте	9 9		Earnea
	Sestatore of	Pr	rivate income		Government	Total	as a
		Famed			pensions	gross	percentage
Labour force experience		Earned income	Other	Total	and	annual	of total
	S Street	income	A STREET	Total	benefits	income	income
<u> </u>			MALES				
		Sichannik were h	—Mea	n gross annual	income (\$)—		Per cent
Full-year, full-time		22,850	1,340	24,190	40	24,230	94.3
Full-year, part-time		11,780	2,460	14,240	760	14,990	78.6
Part-year, full-time-				100 100 100		n en en	
40-49 weeks		17,360	760	18,110	370	18,480	93.9
30-39 weeks		12,660	1,060	13,720	1,240	14,950	84.6
15-29 weeks		8,090	1,090	9,190	1,760	10,950	73.9
1-14 weeks		2,950	700	3,650	3,460	7,110	41.5
Part-year, part-time—				5,000	0,100	7,110	Part-year dart
30-49 weeks		7,190	1,220	8,410	1,080	9,490	75.8
1-29 weeks		2,760	1,440	4,200	2,990	7,190	38.4
1-27 WCCR5		2,700	1,440	4,200	2,990	7,190	30.4
Total	H 402	20,540	1,320	21,860	300	22,160	92.7
		MA	ARRIED FEMAI	LES			
विक्र समित्र का	∯	ing gross agmuntling	—Mea	n gross annual	income (\$)—	127 8	Per cen
Full-year, full-time		17,980	1,280	19,260	280	19,540	92.0
Full-year, part-time		9,950	1,180	11,120	600	11,720	84.8
Part-year, full-time—		2,750	1,100	11,120	000	11,720	and Final Sec. 7
40-49 weeks		14,320	1,080	15,410	310	15,720	91.1
			840	A STATE OF THE STA	390		
30-39 weeks		10,710		11,550		11,940	89.7
15-29 weeks		7,640	910	8,540	470	9,020	84.7
1-14 weeks		3,170	1,040	4,210	690	4,900	64.6
Part-year, part-time—						parit-	Part-year, part
30-49 weeks		6,960	740	7,700	640	8,350	21000 01 83.4
1-29 weeks		2,230	860	3,090	770	3,860	2350W 05-57.8
Total		12,180	1,130	13,300	470	13,780	88.4
		0	THER FEMALE	ES		omenhous symbol	Serger Committee
8			—Mea	n gross annual	income (\$)—	REFE BE	Per cent
Full-year, full-time		17,150	790	17,940	110	18,040	95.0
Full-year, part-time		8,180	890	9,070	1,150	10,220	80.1
Part-year, full-time—		3,.00		2,0.0	.,	.0,220	00.1
40-49 weeks		11,930	400	12,340	440	12,780	93.4
30-39 weeks		10,070	420	10,500	900	11,390	88.4
15-29 weeks		6,140	440	6,580	1,670	8,250	74.4
1-14 weeks		2,020	590	2,610	2,700	5,310	38.0
		2,020	390	2,010	2,700	3,310	36.0
Part-year, part-time—		5.420	540	5.070	1 400	7.460	72.0
30-49 weeks		5,430	540	5,970	1,480	7,460	72.8
1-29 weeks		2,140	980	3,130	2,950	6,080	35.3
Total		12,890	720	13,620	690	14,310	90.1

TABLE 1. PERSONS WITH EARNED INCOME: MEAN GROSS ANNUAL INCOME BY SOURCE BY LABOUR FORCE EXPERIENCE, 1985-86—continued

		- Marine Marine	Source of gross ar	nnual income			Earne
	COME ENSANGED	I	Private income	ng is said a	Government	Total	incom
	beo	Earned		Earned	pensions and	gross annual	percentage of tota
Labour force experience		income	Other	Total	benefits	income	income
			ALL FEMALES	3			
odisejutoO Per cent	(S) + (S) 3000	sign teanna keang taic	—Mea	an gross annual	income (\$)—		Per cen
Full-year, full-time		17,640	1,080	18,710	210	18,920	-1111
Full-year, part-time		9,710	1,140	10,850	670	11,520	84.3
Part-year, full-time—		3,710	1,140	10,650	070	11,520	art-year, full-
40-49 weeks		13,170	750	13,920	370	14,300	92.
30-39 weeks		10,380	630	11,010	650	11,660	89.0
15-29 weeks			670				
1-14 weeks		6,870	880	7,540	1,090	8,620	79.6
Part-year, part-time—		2,760	880	3,640	1,410	5,040	04.0
30-49 weeks		6,620	700	7,320	830	8,150	81.3
1-29 weeks			890				49.8
1-29 WCCRS		2,210	890	3,100	1,330	4,430	49.0
Total		12,410	990	13,410	550	13,950	89.0
Wast and marking		.ES	PERSONS	MA			
Per cen	come (5)—	n gross annual in	—Mea	n gross annual i	income (\$)—		Per cent
Full-year, full-time		21,450	1,270	22,720	90	22,810	94.0
			1,380				
Full-year, part-time Part-year, full-time—		10,080	1,380	11,450	690	12,140	83.0
40-49 weeks		15 (20	760	16 200	270	16 760	
		15,630		16,390	370	16,760	93.3
JU-J9 WCCRS		11,800	900	12,700	1,010	13,710	86.1
13-27 WCCRS		7,580	920	8,500	1,480	9,980	76.0
1-14 weeks		2,860	790	3,640	2,480	6,130	46.7
Part-year, part-time—			810	0.000	000	0.400	Part-year, part
30-49 weeks		6,740	010	7,550	880	8,430	80.0
1-29 weeks		2,320	1,010	3,330	1,680	5,020	46.3
Total		17,370	1,190	18,570	390	18,960	91.6
males. Males who worl	ked as tradesnes	anna einned 23	LIAMERCERIE	a,510 compai	red to \$14,130 fo	r female trac	lespersons

TABLE 2. PERSONS WITH EARNED INCOME: GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME DECILE GROUPS BY SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS, 1985-86

					Gross a	nnual earne	ed income de	ecile			21	All persons with
Characteristics of persons with earned income	6.8 12.3	Lowest 10%	Second decile	Third decile	Fourth decile	Fifth decile	Sixth decile	Seventh decile	Eighth decile	Ninth decile	Highest 10%	earnea
Upper boundary of decile group(\$)	283	3,798	7,264	10,774	13,942	16,355	18,708	21,437	25,000	30,459	n.a.	n.a.
Average gross earned annual income(\$)		1,740	5,520	9,020	12,380	15,190	17,510	20,020	23,260	27,520	41,590	17,370
Proportion of persons with earned income												
with principal source of earned income being:	4 4	00.6	75.0	77.6	02.0	88.7	92.2	93.1	92.0	95.6	91.0	87.2
Wages or salary	%	82.6	75.9 24.1	77.6 22.4	83.8 16.2	11.3	7.8	6.9	8.0	4.4	9.0	12.8
Own business, trade or profession	%	17.4	24.1	22.4	10.2	11.3	7.8	0.9	0.0	4.4	9.0	12.0
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6												
Proportion of persons with earned income and aged(a):	~	20.0	26.0	22.0	262	27.6	20.0	12.2	77	4.0	1.7	20.0
15-24 years	%	28.9 23.5	26.9 25.8	33.0 21.9	36.2 21.4	27.6 26.6	20.0 31.4	13.3 35.7	7.7 38.8	4.8 34.2	1.7	28.2
25-34 years	%	21.6	19.7	21.7	20.3	20.0	21.9	25.8	27.1	34.2	41.6	25.5
35-44 years	%	11.2	16.0	15.1	14.2	15.6	15.5	16.0	17.0	16.5	22.0	15.9
45-54 years			9.2	6.4	6.2	9.0	10.6	9.0	8.8	9.4	10.8	9.0
55-64 years	%	10.2	2.5	1.8	1.6	*1.1	*0.6	*	*0.5	*0.5	*1.0	1.4
65 years and over	%0	4.0	2.5	1.0	1.0	1 118	0.0		0.5	0.5	1.0	55
Total 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Proportion of persons with earned income who were:												
Males	%	34.9	39.7	45.4	49.8	54.1	63.3	74.0	76.6	84.0	88.4	61.0
Females	%	65.1	60.3	54.6	50.2	45.9	36.7	26.0	23.4	16.0	11.6	39.0
0 0 00 000	10-11							9 17 19	~ ~ ~			
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Proportion of persons with earned income												
with labour force experience being:												
Full-year, full-time	%	12.2	25.4	37.7	65.1	76.9	86.2	90.7	92.5	94.5	94.9	67.6
Full-year, part-time	%	17.5	26.2	26.0	13.5	9.2	4.0	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.5	10.6
Part-year, full-time	%	26.6	27.1	26.3	17.9	12.1	8.4	6.3	4.9	3.2	2.7	13.5
Part-year, part-time	%	43.8	21.4	10.0	3.5	1.8	1.4	*0.7		*		8.3
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	('000')	701.7	701.1	701.7	701.6	701.1	701.2	701.3	701.5	701.9	701.1	7,014.3

⁽a) At time of interview.

TABLE 3. PERSONS WITH EARNED INCOME: MEAN GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME BY LABOUR FORCE EXPERIENCE, 1973-74 TO 1985-86(a)

			13-14 10 1703	00(11)				
Labour force experience	1973-74	1978-79	1981-82	1985-86	1973-74	1978-79	1981-82	1985-8
3 5			MALES		Govern	INTERP	150	2 /65
0 9 1000	8 8	Samuel -F	Per cent—	9. 9	—Ме	an gross annu	al earned inco	me (\$)—
Full-year, full-time	82.4	79.1	79.1	81.1	6,650	12,320	17,010	22,850
Full-year, part-time	1.8	1.8	1.6	3.1	2,490	6,160	8,680	11,780
Part-year, full-time—	1.0	1.0	1.0	3.1	2,490	0,100	0,000	11,700
40-49 weeks	4.6	6.2	8.4	4.6	5,340	9,010	13,600	17,360
30-39 weeks	2.6	3.6	3.3	2.9	3,930	6,720	9,500	12,660
15-29 weeks	3.5	4.2	3.0	3.5	2,100	4,110	6,950	8,090
1-14 weeks	2.9	2.9	2.1	2.0	810	1,870	2,550	2,950
Part-year, part-time—	9 9	9 9		2.0	010	1,070	2,550	2,750
30-49 weeks	0.7	0.8	1.3	1.5	2,000	6,310	5,870	7,190
1-29 weeks	1.6	1.2	1.3	1.4	600	1,650	2,420	2,760
1-27 Weeks	1.0	1.2	620	1.4	000	1,050	2,420	2,700
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	5,990	10,970	15,400	20,540
Number ('000)	3,992.9	4,029.1	4,114.2	4,281.1			3 50 S	ä 81.
T-D Test		MA	RRIED FEMA	ALES		1330	357 \$	Ê 19.
TOWN B S TO S	8 9	ACHIN S	- Tariff I	3 10	- 6	8 8 1	\$ 5 B	D 070
		—Р	er cent—		—Mea	an gross annua	l earned incor	ne (\$)—
Full-year, full-time	43.7	40.3	37.4	40.8	4,380	9,170	13,140	17,980
Full-year, part-time	17.3	27.5	25.2	28.7	2,660	5,910	7,840	9,950
Part-year, full-time—	17.3	21.5	23.2	20.7	2,000	3,910	7,040	7,750
40-49 weeks	4.9	4.4	4.6	3.9	3,480	7.430	10,880	14,320
30-39 weeks	3.4	3.1	2.7			7,430		
				2.0	2,850	6,040	8,460	10,710
15-29 weeks	6.2	4.2	4.1	2.8	1,870	3,700	6,200	7,640
1-14 weeks	5.1	3.8	3.3	2.7	1,060	1,490	1,890	3,170
Part-year, part-time—		11,800		10.0	1 000	2.660	5.550	(000
30-49 weeks	7.0	7.8	11.6	10.3	1,890	3,660	5,650	6,960
1-29 weeks	12.4	8.8	11.0	8.8	900	1,520	2,560	2,230
Part-year part-time non non	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	2.000	. 470	2000	10 100
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	3,060	6,470	8,880	12,180
Number ('000)	1,453.4	1,673.5	1,569.0	1,832.8	P 0	2 8	25	8
Total 3 5 Part	= -	ОТ	HER FEMAL	ES		37% m	1000	71.0
3 8 8888	9 9	_Pe	er cent—	194 96	—Mea	n gross annua	l earned incom	ne (\$)—
Full-year, full-time	55.7	53.0	57.7	58.1	4,160	8,630	12,350	17,150
Full-year, part-time	6.2	8.4	7.6	9.1	1,730	4,290	6,800	8,180
	0.2	0.4	7.0	9.1	1,730	4,290	0,800	0,100
Part-year, full-time—	40	7.4	0.0	7.4	2 160	6.510	0 000	11 020
40-49 weeks	4.9	7.4	8.8	7.4	3,160	6,510	8,880	11,930
30-39 weeks 15-29 weeks	3.9 9.6	4.8	5.7	4.2	2,170	4,710	6,630	10,070
		8.9	5.2	6.0	1,370	2,830	4,920	6,140
1-14 weeks	8.5	6.5	4.2	3.1	570	970	1,580	2,020
Part-year, part-time—	16	1	40		1010	2 000	4.570	£ 420
30-49 weeks	3.5	4.3	4.9	5.9	1,210	2,800	4,570	5,430
1-29 weeks	7.6	6.8	5.9	6.2	500	950	2,130	2,140
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	2,930	6,140	9,470	12,890
Number ('000)	828.9	881.6	886.0	900.4	o sta	1 5	noge	H
	1	5	5	8	7288	3 2	9	8

TABLE 3. PERSONS WITH EARNED INCOME: MEAN GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME BY LABOUR FORCE EXPERIENCE, 1973-74 TO 1985-86(a)—continued

Labour force experie	ence	1973-74	1978-79	1981-82	1985-86	1973-74	1978-79	1981-82	1985-86
Seasif annual parties (5)	Smit-Yang	full-time	A	LL FEMALE	S		Aurt-y pay-l	ear, (X)orn	erned braces
6.881	53.8	57.1	—Ре	er cent—	39.2	—Mea	n gross annua	l earned incom	ne (\$)—
Full-year, full-time		48.1	44.7	44.7	46.5	4,280	8,950	12,770	17,640
Full-year, part-time Part-year, full-time—	0.8*	13.2	20.9	18.8	22.2	2,500	5,690	7,690	9,710
40-49 weeks	7.8*	4.9	5.4	6.1	5.0	3,370	7,000	9,840	13,170
30-39 weeks		3.6	3.7	3.8	2.7	2,580	5,440	7,470	10,380
15-29 weeks		7.4	5.8	4.5	3.9	1,640	3,240	5,660	6,870
1-14 weeks		6.3	4.7	3.6	2.8	820	1,240	1,760	2,760
Part-year, part-time-									
30-49 weeks		5.7	6.6	9.2	8.9	1,740	3,470	5,450	6,620
1-29 weeks		10.7	8.1	9.2	7.9	800	1,360	2,460	2,210
Total		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	3,060	6,360	9,090	12,410
Number ('000)		2,282.2	2,555.1	2,455.0	2,733.2			94	9.1
60,000-44,599 a 5 050-46 040			L ES	PERSONS	MARI				9.8
Sing and over	85.7	22.6	—Pe	er cent—	22.4	—Mea	an gross annua	al earned incom	ne (\$)—
		(0.0	(50	"		(0(0	11 420	15.040	21 450
Full-year, full-time		69.9	65.8	66.2	67.6	6,060	11,430	15,940 7,810	21,450
Full-year, part-time Part-year, full-time—		6.0	9.2	8.0	10.6	2,500	5,740	7,010	10,080
40-49 weeks		4.7	5.9	7.5	4.8	4,590	8,300	12,460	15,630
30-39 weeks		2.9	3.7	3.5	2.8	3,330	6,220	8,670	11,800
15-29 weeks		4.9	4.8	3.6	3.6	1,840	3,710	6,340	7,580
1-14 weeks		4.1	3.6	2.7	2.3	820	1,550	2,150	2,860
Part-year, part-time-	_								
30-49 weeks		2.6	3.1	4.2	4.4	1,790	3,940	5,530	6,740
1-29 weeks		4.9	3.9	4.3	3.9	760	1,410	2,450	2,320
Total		100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	4,900	9,180	13,040	17,370
Number ('000)		6,275.2	6,584.2	6,569.2	7,014.3	23.6			407.3

⁽a) In 1973-74 and 1978-79 females who changed their marital status during the reporting year and persons aged 15-20 years who attended school full time for part of the reporting year were included. See Explanatory Notes in Appendix 1.

TABLE 4. PERSONS WITH EARNED INCOME: GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME BY LABOUR FORCE EXPERIENCE, 1985-86

Part-year, Full-year, Full-year, Part-year, Gross annual full-time earned income(\$) full-time part-time part-time Total MALES 39.2 16.5 57.1 166.6 1- 2,499 56.2 87.7 125.5 184.2 2,500- 4,999 5,000- 7,499 7,500- 9,999 73.1 71.5 174.0 197.8 216.2 24.6 20.0 19.9 18.7 66.0 16.8 15.3 *8.0 9.7 278.5 10,000-12,499 69.3 12,500-14,999 223.1 *8.5 53.3 287.2 *6.7 15,000-17,499 390.5 *7.3 47.8 450.0 *4.0 17,500-19,999 422.3 42.4 470.4 20,000-22,499 436.6 18.8 460 4 *6.2 22,500-24,999 25,000-27,499 292.3 19.6 315.1 339.1 *5.4 355.8 11.4 27,500-29,999 227.5 217.6 *6.6 *4.1 30,000-34,999 276.3 *5.6 286.8 170.3 92.7 35,000-39,999 164.7 *5.5 90.3 40,000-44,999 49.6 47.3 *4.0 *4.5 45,000-49,999 78.5 82.3 50,000 and over Total 3,471.5 132.9 554.6 122.2 4,281.1 MARRIED FEMALES 16.5 54.7 34.3 126.8 232.3 1- 2,499 2,500- 4,999 5,000- 7,499 22.4 69.8 22.6 85.7 200.6 26.3 22.6 90.2 31.4 64.4 2123 7,500- 9,999 93.3 30.7 34.1 180.8 57.1 101.2 71.5 31.2 15.6 10,000-12,499 175.4 12,500-14,999 15,000-17,499 54.9 23.1 9.9 189.1 214.9 127.8 157.5 37.8 13.8 *5.7 17,500-19,999 96.4 18.3 8.8 *4.3 82.2 100.4 20,000-22,499 10.4 *7.3 57.8 52.7 22,500-24,999 48.3 *6.6 44.5 20.2 25,000-27,499 27,500-29,999 *7.6 23.7 30,000-34,999 29.4 *3.4 34.3 35,000-39,999 9.4 *5.9 10.3 *6.7 *7.3 *8 3 40,000-44,999 *3.9 45,000-49,999 *7.1 *3.4 *8.3 50,000 and over 748.6 525.1 209.2 349.9 1,832.8 Total OTHER FEMALES 57.3 22.7 28.2 98.9 1- 2,499 *6.6 2,500- 4,999 11.9 31.6 71.0 5,000- 7,499 7,500- 9,999 20.4 16.5 374 11.0 854 14.3 29.9 *6.5 80.8 30.1 13.8 16.5 *7.4 101.6 63.9 10,000-12,499 12,500-14,999 111.8 86.7 *6.3 16.6 15,000-17,499 100.6 9.5 117.3 17,500-19,999 72.5 9.5 82.0 48.5 51.2 20,000-22,499 34.2 22,500-24,999 25,000-27,499 32.7 23.9 27.6 *4.3 *7.8 27,500-29,999 9.6 10.6 *7.1 30,000-34,999 18.5 194 35,000-39,999 *5.1 *5.1 40,000-44,999 *3.7 45,000-49,999 *37 50,000 and over Total 522.8 82.1 186.3 109.3 900.4

TABLE 4. PERSONS WITH EARNED INCOME: GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME BY LABOUR FORCE EXPERIENCE, 1985-86—continued ('000)

earned income(\$)				Full-year, full-time	Full-year, part-time	Part-year, full-time	Part-year, part-time	Tota
9 60	00.79	4	No. of the	AL	L FEMALES	2 93 00	0 0 52	861.
1- 2,499	22	9	10 K 12	18.3	66.2	62.5	184.2	331.
2,500- 4,999				27.2	81.7	54.2	108.5	271.
5,000- 7,499				46.7	106.8	68.8	75.4	297.
7,500- 9,999	90 -7			52.8	107.6	60.6	40.6	261.
10,000-12,499				121.0	85.2	47.7	23.0	277.
12,500-14,999				187.9	61.2	39.7	12.1	300.
15,000-17,499				258.1	42.9	23.3	*7.8	332.
17,500-19,999		P 9		168.9	18.3	18.3	9 0*4.3	209.
20,000-22,499				130.7	12.1	*5.7	OF LES CANADA	151.
22,500-24,999				80.9	*6.6	*4.0	2 2 3	92.
25,000-27,499				68.4	*5.0	*6.9	1 1 1 2	80.
27,500-29,999				29.8	} *7.5	9 9 0 7	8 2 2 2 3	34.
30,000-34,999				47.9	SELEGISTS	8 86 96	*3.4	53.
35,000-39,999				14.5		*3.7	N N N N	15.
40,000-44,999				8.8	*6.1	5.,	5	9.
45,000-49,999				*3.7	PRHAME	19 pc 10 pc	SET SAN MAN	*5.
50,000 and over				*5.7	"海川和西南京生	1 .00	7 7 8 8 8	9.
Total				1,271.3	607.2	395.5	459.2	2,733.
8 6	27.5	T 1	1000	116 661	PERSONS	10 mm m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m	draw drails healts 1,805	E D
1- 2,499			89.3	57.5	82.7	119.6	238.0	497.
2,500- 4,999				83.4	106.3	127.4	128.5	445.
5,000- 7,499				134.4	125.4	140.3	95.3	495.
7,500- 9,999				178.2	124.4	126.6	48.6	477.
				305.2	100.5	117.0	32.7	555.
10,000-12,499				411.0	69.7	93.0	14.4	588.
10,000-12,499 12,500-14,999								
12,500-14,999		5		648.6	50.2	71.2	8 12.1	782.
		žą i	建设可	648.6 591.2		71.2 60.7	12.1 *6.0	680
12,500-14,999 15,000-17,499		10.4	器官引	591.2 567.3	50.2	60.7 24.4	4100	680
12,500-14,999 15,000-17,499 17,500-19,999		72.4	200	591.2	50.2 22.3	60.7	4100	680 611 407
12,500-14,999 15,000-17,499 17,500-19,999 20,000-22,499 22,500-24,999			花里り	591.2 567.3 373.3 407.5	50.2 22.3 16.2 8.7 10.3	60.7 24.4 23.6 18.3	*6.0	680. 611. 407. 436.
12,500-14,999 15,000-17,499 17,500-19,999 20,000-22,499			224 HT2	591.2 567.3 373.3 407.5 247.5	50.2 22.3 16.2 8.7 10.3 *5.5	60.7 24.4 23.6 18.3 *8.5	*6.0	680. 611. 407. 436. 261.
12,500-14,999 15,000-17,499 17,500-19,999 20,000-22,499 22,500-24,999 25,000-27,499			See A See See See See See See See See Se	591.2 567.3 373.3 407.5 247.5 324.2	50.2 22.3 16.2 8.7 10.3	60.7 24.4 23.6 18.3 *8.5 8.6	4100	680. 611. 407. 436. 261. 340.
12,500-14,999 15,000-17,499 17,500-19,999 20,000-22,499 22,500-24,999 25,000-27,499 27,500-29,999			124 A 142 A	591.2 567.3 373.3 407.5 247.5 324.2 179.2	50.2 22.3 16.2 8.7 10.3 *5.5 *7.6	60.7 24.4 23.6 18.3 *8.5	*6.0	680. 611. 407. 436. 261. 340. 185.
12,500-14,999 15,000-17,499 17,500-19,999 20,000-22,499 22,500-24,999 25,000-27,499 27,500-29,999 30,000-34,999 35,000-39,999 40,000-44,999			CHOSS ARRELATE CONTROL OF THE STATE OF THE S	591.2 567.3 373.3 407.5 247.5 324.2 179.2 99.1	50.2 22.3 16.2 8.7 10.3 *5.5	60.7 24.4 23.6 18.3 *8.5 8.6 *6.4	*6.0	680. 611. 407. 436. 261. 340. 185.
12,500-14,999 15,000-17,499 17,500-19,999 20,000-22,499 22,500-24,999 25,000-27,499 27,500-29,999 30,000-34,999 35,000-39,999 40,000-44,999 45,000-49,999			SECTION AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AN	591.2 567.3 373.3 407.5 247.5 324.2 179.2 99.1 51.0	50.2 22.3 16.2 8.7 10.3 *5.5 *7.6	60.7 24.4 23.6 18.3 *8.5 8.6	*6.0	680. 611. 407. 436. 261. 340. 185. 102.
12,500-14,999 15,000-17,499 17,500-19,999 20,000-22,499 22,500-24,999 25,000-27,499 27,500-29,999 30,000-34,999 35,000-39,999			120 A 141 A	591.2 567.3 373.3 407.5 247.5 324.2 179.2 99.1	50.2 22.3 16.2 8.7 10.3 *5.5 *7.6	60.7 24.4 23.6 18.3 *8.5 8.6 *6.4	*6.0	680. 611. 407. 436. 261. 340. 185.

TABLE 5. FULL-YEAR, FULL-TIME WORKERS(a): GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME DECILE GROUPS BY SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS, 1985-86

				20000	Gross	annual earne	ed income d	ecile				All persons
tharacteristics of full-year, full-time workers		Lowest 10%	Second decile	Third decile	Fourth decile	Fifth decile	Sixth decile	Seventh decile	Eighth decile	Ninth decile	Highest 10%	with earned income
pper boundary of decile group(\$)		10,050	13,649	15,998	17,805	19,758	21,985	24,735	27,825	33,500	n.a.	n.a.
verage gross annual earned income(\$)		6,330	12,100	14,880	16,850	18,720	20,740	23,170	26,080	30,280	45,310	21,450
roportion of full-year, full-time workers with principal source of earned income being: Wages or salary Own business, trade or profession	% %	50.5 49.5	77.4 22.6	87.0 13.0	91.7 8.3	93.8 6.2	93.4 6.6	93.9 6.1	94.6	96.5	89.9	86.9
				13.0	6.5	0.2	0.0	0.1	5.4	3.5	10.1	13.1
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
roportion of full-year, full-time workers aged(b):												
15-24 years	%	29.2	42.2	33.4	21.5	16.6	12.0	8.5	4.7	2.7	1.8	17.2
25-34 years	%	18.6	16.4	25.2	30.6	35.2	34.1	39.5	37.0	30.4		28.8
35-44 years	%	20.3	18.7	19.5	21.4	20.5	27.6				20.4	
45-54 years	%	19.2	15.3	13.4	15.6	17.7		26.7	32.2	39.7	40.8	26.7
55 years and over	%	12.7	7.5	8.5	11.0	9.9	15.2 11.0	17.1 8.3	16.2	17.6 9.7	24.7 12.3	17.2
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
roportion of full-year, full-time workers who were:										1 1		7 3 5
Males	%	68.3	55.6	57.6	64.0	71.1	262	77.0		unck E		1 00 9
Females		31.7				71.1	76.7	77.0	83.7	86.1	91.6	73.2
1 chiales	%	31.7	44.4	42.4	36.0	28.9	23.3	23.0	16.3	13.9	8.4	26.8
Total	%	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
roportion of full-year, full-time workers whose educ	ational attainma	at in									135	
Post-school qualifications—	ational attainme	It 18.										
Degree	%	3.5	4.1	3.0	5.1	4.1	7.8	9.4	14.2	23.5	25 4	7
Certificate (non-trade)/diploma	%	12.4	14.7	12.5	14.0	15.4	14.7	20.1	19.2	20.6	35.4	11.0
Trade certificate	%	15.9	14.0	17.4	23.1	26.5	27.6	26.2	27.1		23.7	16.
Other	%	1.9	2.7	3.8	1.9	*1.2	2.2	1.8	2.0	23.5 2.1	15.3 *1.1	21.
Total	%	33.8	35.4	36.7	44.1	47.2	52.3	57.5	62.5	69.7	75.5	51
W.d												
Without post-school qualifications—												
Left school at age—												
16 or over	%	31.4	31.6	33.1	27.5	27.4	22.1	20.9	20.7	17.5	14.7	24.
15 or under	%	34.8	33.0	30.2	28.4	25.4	25.6	21.6	16.8	12.8	9.8	23.
Total	%	66.2	64.6	63.3	55.9	52.8	47.7	42.5	37.5	30.3	24.5	48.5
											I E	70

The second secon				Gross	annual earne	d income d	ecile			131	All persons
Characteristics of full-year, full-time workers	Lowest 10%	Second decile	Third decile	Fourth decile	Fifth decile	Sixth decile	Seventh decile	Eighth decile	Ninth decile	Highest 10%	earnea
Proportion of full-year, full-time workers whose occupation was:	2				1 18						
Managers and administrators	% 27.5	11.9	4.8	5.5	6.3	7.2	7.6	11.3	15.9	33.0	
Professionals	% 4.3	4.0	3.2	5.0	4.7	9.3	15.1	21.7	30.6	29.7	12.8
Para-professionals	% *1.7	3.6	1.8	4.4	4.6	7.9	12.3	11.2	10.1	8.0	6.6
	% 24.3	21.6	20.5	22.3	24.6	24.0	20.6	17.8	13.3	7.6	19.7
Clerks	% 9.6	16.8	23.6	24.1	23.1	18.7	16.3	12.2	9.3	5.1	15.9
Salespersons and personal service workers	% 15.9	15.9	15.2	9.0	7.5	8.4	8.1	6.3	4.2	3.7	9.4
Plant and machine operators, and drivers	6 5.8	9.8	10.5	11.3	10.8	11.2	9.5	11.2	10.8	8.2	9.9
Labourers and related workers	76 11.0	16.5	20.6	18.5	18.2	11.7	9.0	7.3	5.1	4.2	12.2
Defence	*				1	*1.7	*1.6	*1.0		2 3	0.5
Total	% 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Total 5 1 5 2 8 8 7 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 7 8 8 7 8 7 8 8 7 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8 7 8 8 7 8 7 8 8 7 8 7 8 8 7 8 8 7 8) 474.3	474.6	456.0	492.2	474.7	474.0	473.8	474.5	475.8	472.8	4,742.8

TABLE 5. FULL-YEAR, FULL-TIME WORKERS(a): GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME DECILE GROUPS BY SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS, 1985-86—continued

⁽a) Excludes 119,200 full-year, full-time workers whose earned income was zero. (b) At time of interview.

TABLE 6. FULL-YEAR, FULL-TIME WORKERS(a): INCOME SHARE FOR GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME DECILE GROUPS, 1973-74 TO 1985-86(b)

		Income shar	re (per cent)		Mean	gross annual	earned income	(\$)
Gross annual earned income deciles	1973-74	1978-79	1981-82	1985-86	1973-74	1978-79	1981-82	1985-8
	900	9	MALES	0 55				
Lowest	3.4	3.4	3.1	2.9	2,290	4,190	5,290	6,65
2nd	5.9	6.0	5.7	5.6	3,930	7,360	9,720	12,82
3rd	7.0	7.1	7.1	7.0	4,690	8,810	12,020	15,95
4th	7.8	8.0	8.0	7.9	5,170	9,870	13,540	18,07
5th	8.6	8.8	8.8	8.3	5,750	10,810	14,980	20,00
6th	9.4	9.7	9.7	10.2	6,250	11,910	16,480	22,06
7th	10.4	10.6	10.7	10.4	6,920	13,070	18,270	24,72
8th	11.7	11.9	12.0	12.5	7,780	14,630	20,390	27,54
9th	13.9	13.7	14.0	14.0	9,210	16,840	23,870	32,01
Highest	21.8	20.9	21.0	21.2	14,500	25,740	35,520	48,41
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	6,650	12,320	17,010	22,85
Gini coefficient	0.26	0.25	0.26	0.26	1 1 1 1		14 4 12	
Number(000)	3,292.3	3,187.9	3,252.8	3,471.5				
11 1 4 2 H	- 1		FEMALES	450	1 9	9	A H E	
Lowest	3.5	3.8	3.8	3.2	1,490	3,420	4,790	5,590
2nd	6.1	6.4	6.2	6.3	2,610	5,720	7,880	11,020
3rd	7.3	7.7	7.6	7.6	3,110	6,910	9,680	13,180
4th	8.3	8.6	8.5	8.2	3,530	7,720	10,860	14,800
5th	9.1	9.4	9.2	9.2	3,880			
6th	9.1		9.2			8,370	11,790	16,110
7th	10.8	10.1		9.9	4,180	8,990	12,620	17,390
		10.8	10.7	11.2	4,630	9,700	13,670	19,070
8th	11.9	11.8	11.8	11.7	5,090	10,500	15,120	21,350
9th	13.7	13.4	13.6	13.9	5,850	12,010	17,390	24,550
Highest	19.7	18.0	18.7	19.0	8,410	16,120	23,900	33,420
Total	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	4,280	8,950	12,770	17,640
Gini coefficient	0.23	0.21	0.22	0.23	2212	5 3	9 9.19	
Number('000)	1,099.8	1,142.7	1,098.3	1,271.3	88			
	1 3 3 N	1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	PERSONS		S. S. S.	at at	R 8 8	
Lowest	3.2	3.4	3.2	3.0	1,960	3,930	5,110	6,330
2nd	5.5	5.9	5.7	5.7	3,340	6,690	9,070	12,100
3rd	6.7	7.1	7.0	6.7	4,070	8,100	11,190	14,880
4th	7.7	8.0	7.9	8.2	4,670	9,090	12,540	16,850
5th	8.5	8.7	8.7	8.7	5,160	9,990	13,930	18,720
6th	9.5	9.6	9.6	9.7	5,750	10,970	15,360	20,740
7th	10.5	10.7	10.7	10.8	6,360	12,180	17,100	23,170
8th	12.0	11.9	12.1	12.2	7,250	13,660	19,210	26,080
9th	14.1	13.9	14.1	14.2	8,560	15,830	22,410	30,280
lighest	22.2	20.9	21.0	21.1	13,440	23,880	33,460	45,310
otal	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	6,060	11,430	15,940	21,450
ini coefficient	0.27	0.25	0.26	0.26	1	1.,		

⁽a) Excludes 119,200 full-year, full-time workers whose earned income was zero. (b) In 1973-74 and 1978-79 females who changed their marital status during the reporting year and persons aged 15-20 years who attended school full time for part of the reporting year were included. See Explanatory Notes in Appendix 1.

TABLE 7. FULL-YEAR, FULL-TIME WORKERS(a): GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME
BY LABOUR FORCE EXPERIENCE, 1985-86

Gross annual earned income(\$)	Males	Married females	Other females	All females	Persons
			-'000-		
		£5* 8.8			
1- 2,499	39.2	16.5	12.8 1 16.9	18.3	57.5
2,500- 4,999	56.2	22.4	*6.6	27.2	83.4
5,000- 7,499	87.7	26.3	20.4	46.7	134.4
7,500- 9,999	125.5	22.6	30.1	52.8	178.2
10,000-12,499	184.2	57.1	63.9	121.0	305.2
12,500-14,999	223.1	101.2	86.7	187.9	411.0
15,000-17,499	390.5	157.5	100.6	258.1	648.6
17,500-19,999	422.3	96.4	72.5	168.9	591.2
20,000-22,499	436.6	82.2	48.5	130.7	567.3
22,500-24,999	292.3	48.3	32.7	80.9	373.3
25,000-27,499	339.1	44.5	23.9	68.4	407.5
27,500-29,999	217.6	20.2	9.6	29.8	247.5
30,000-34,999	276.3	29.4	18.5	47.9	324.2
35,000-39,999	164.7	9.4	*5.1	14.5	179.2
40,000-44,999	90.3	*7.3	32.3	8.8	99.1
45,000-49,999	47.3)	*3.7	*3.7	51.0
50,000 and over	78.5	*7.1	aller and allers and a	*5.7	84.2
\$1,000 and over		48.4		01.3	1 42
Total	3,471.5	748.6	522.8	1,271.3	4,742.8
		28,009 20,000			Median income(5)
		21,280 21,260	—Dollars—		Mean income(S)
Median income(\$)	21,000	17,000	16,500	16,900	19,810
Mean income(\$)	22,850	17,980	17,150	17,640	21,450

⁽a) Excludes 119,200 full-year, full-time workers whose earned income was zero.

TABLE 8. FULL-YEAR, FULL-TIME WORKERS(a): GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME BY PRINCIPAL SOURCE OF EARNED INCOME, 1985-86

3.9 187.9	2.67	Principal source of gross annual earned income from								
	9,3		Wages or salary	22,8	49.5	Own b	ousiness, trade or p	rofession		
Gross annual earned income(\$)	1.50	Males	Females	Persons	23.5 17.1 *8.2	Males	Females	Persons		
2.8 47.9 *2.4 32.6		E.I*	4.6 *2.2	*4.4	-0000-	18.3		30,000-34,999 35,000 and over		
1- 2,499		12.4	*7.8	20.3		26.7	10.5	37.2		
2,500- 4,999		26.7	11.8	38.5		29.5	15.4	44.9		
5,000- 7,499		36.6	29.2	65.8		51.1	17.5	68.6		
7,500- 9,999		61.6	42.3	103.9		63.8	10.5	74.3		
10,000-12,499		105.8	105.9	211.7		78.4	15.2	93.5		
12,500-14,999		173.1	182.4	355.6		49.9	*5.5	55.4		
15,000-17,499		335.8	250.5	586.3		54.6	*7.7	62.3		
17,500-19,999		392.7	160.6	553.3		29.6	*8.2	37.8		
20,000-22,499		405.3	123.1	528.4		31.3	*7.6	38.9		
22,500-24,999		275.2	76.0	351.2		17.2	*4.9	22.1		
25,000-29,999		529.8	94.5	624.2		27.0	*3.7	30.7		
30,000-39,999		425.4	56.8	482.1		15.7	*5.7	21.3		
40,000-49,999		124.2	*5.3	129.5		13.4	} *7.7	20.6		
50,000 and over		64.8	*5.1	70.0		13.7	} -1.1	14.3		
Total		2,969.6	1,151.3	4,120.9		501.9	120.0	621.9		
					—Dollars-	-				
Median income(\$)		22,000	17,000	20,500		12,880	10,720	12,310		
Mean income(\$)		24,030	17,990	22,350		15,820	14,210	15,510		

⁽a) Excludes 119,200 full-year, full-time workers whose earned income was zero.

TABLE 9. FULL-YEAR, FULL-TIME WORKERS(a): GROSS ANNUAL FARNED INCOME BY STATE OR TERRITORY, 1985-86

Gross annual earn	ned income(\$)	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Australi
Dance	All	19	AIO _{NOSSEED} II	MALI	ES		Aften gra	ur annual e	ernes brokes	endis exon
0-198-5-89	STEEL SECTION	777	200		10 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	0000-		1910/9	190342	780
1- 2,499		11.5	10.5	6.8	*2.2	6.9	} *1.8	1	} *1.8	39
2,500- 4,999		12.8	16.9	12.1	5.7	6.0			5 1.0	56.
5,000- 7,499		28.4	21.2	16.0	8.4	9.5	3.4	*3.2	*1.2	87.
7,500- 9,999		41.4	31:9	22.4	11.2	14.1	3.7	7 160	1.2	125
0,000-12,499		59.7	59.2	28.2	14.9	12.8	5.2	110	*1.9	184
2,500-14,999		74.7 .	61.1	36.0	24.6	17.2	6.7	} 4.0	*1.8	223
5,000-17,499		120.1	92.8	83.6	38.0	38.5	9.2)	5.3	390
17,500-19,999		150.4	121.6	58.7	38.8	32.0	14.5	*3.0	3.2	422
20,000-22,499		157.2	114.7	62.6	41.5	35.5	14.3	4.3	6.6	436
22,500-24,999		90.1	79.2	56.4	22.1	29.2	7.6	*2.5	5.3	292
25,000-27,499		116.8	95.0	48.6	28.8	34.1	8.1	*2.7	5.0	339.
27,500-29,999		72.6	71.8	28.1	13.0	19.3	4.9	*1.6	6.4	217.
30,000-34,999		100.0	77.8	30.7	16.1	27.4	4.8	9.0	10.5	276.
35,000-39,999		59.3	42.6	24.4	11.0	12.7	5.9	*3.0	5.9	164.
10,000-44,999		34.8	22.2	7.0	4.8	9.1	*2.0	3.9	6.5	90.
15,000-49,999		16.0	14.6	*5.8	*4.2	*4.2	*1.5	*2.7	*2.2	47.
50,000 and over		32.3	16.4	11.0	5.4	9.6	,	2.7	901	78.
Total		1,178.0	949.4	538.3	290.6	318.1	93.7	39.9	63.5	3,471.
						—Dollars-				
Median income(\$) Mean income(\$)		21,400 23,600	21,340 22,880	20,000 21,280	20,000 21,260	21,250 22,900	20,080 21,410	26,620 27,890	27,860 27,470	21,00 22,85
Addit Modification		20,000	22,000	FEMAL		,,,,,,,		5,724	7,830	11,0
18.01	16,900	- 00	16.2	FEMAL	ES	90	0.150	6.910	(2)mm 05	ificefean in
						-000'-				
1- 2,499		*5.3	} 12.2	*6.7	*1.8	} *3.7		1		18.3
2,500- 4,999		*5.7	-	7.1	*2.8	1	3.5	REPRET	13,070	27.3
5,000- 7,499		19.3	9.8	8.4	4.8	*3.2		*3.3	*2.7	46.
7,500- 9,999		18.1	10.2	12.4	4.6	*4.4		32,110		52.
0,000-12,499		44.2	38.4	17.2	7.0	6.2	3.0	103 20	21,900	121.0
2,500-14,999	e from		47.4	36.5	14.5	14.6	5.5	*3.5	3.9	187.9
5,000-17,499		97.8	69.3	42.2	16.6	19.9	4.9		6.1	258.
7,500-19,999		59.4	49.4	22.8	13.3	13.7	3.2	4.0	3.0	168.9
0,000-22,499		43.9	37.7	20.3	10.1	9.2	2.7	*2.9	3.9	130.7
2,500-24,999		28.4	23.5	9.9	. 5.0	8.1	*1.7	*3.1	*1.3	80.9
25,000-27,499		26.6	17.1	*4.9	5.8	6.3	3.6		*1.7	68.4
27,500-29,999		*8.5	*8.2	*3.1	*2.8	*4.4	*1.5	*2.8	*2.3	29.8
0,000-34,999		18.3	14.7	*4.4	4.6	*3.5)		2.8	47.9
5,000 and over		9.4	9.9	*5.7	,	*2.1	*1.3	J	*2.4	32.6
Total		448.3	347.5	201.8	93.8	99.3	30.8	19.7	30.0	1,271.3
						—Dollars—	36.6			
Median income(\$) Mean income(\$)		16,920 17,650	17,000 18,000	15,730 16,140	16,680 17,100	17,130 18,000	16,900 18,510	19,170 19,670	20,250 21,620	16,900 17,640
rean income(s)	*7.7	17,030	10,000	10,140	17,100	10,000	18,310	19,070	21,020	17,040
	*7.6									
	*3.7									
	15.7									
					12*					

TABLE 9. FULL-YEAR, FULL-TIME WORKERS(a): GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME

BY STATE OR TERRITORY, 1985-86—continued

Gross annual earne	d income(\$)	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	S.A.	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	Australia
			25,1	PERSO	NS NE-2S		15-24,520	27 Maria (1880)	(2)stati	uni barried in
				IALES OBJES	W NS	-000-				
1- 2,499		16.8	13.0	13.4	*4.0	8.8	1)	1 *10	57.5
2,500- 4,999		18.5	26.5	19.2	8.5	7.7	} *2.1		*1.8	83.4
5,000- 7,499		47.7	31.0	24.4	13.2	12.7	4.0	6.5	1 +22	134.4
7,500- 9,999		59.5	42.0	34.8	15.8	18.5	6.2		*2.2	178.2
10,000-12,499		103.9	97.5	45.4	22.0	19.0	8.2		3.6	305.2
12,500-14,999		138.2	108.5	72.5	39.2	31.9	12.2	*3.0	5.6	411.0
15,000-17,499		217.8	162.1	125.8	54.6	58.4	14.0	4.6	11.3	648.6
17,500-19,999		209.8	171.0	81.6	52.1	45.6	17.8	7.1	6.3	591.2
20,000-22,499		201.1	152.4	82.9	51.5	44.7	17.0	7.2	10.5	567.3
22,500-24,999		118.4	102.6	66.3	27.2	37.3	9.3	5.6	6.6	373.3
25,000-27,499		143.4	112.1	53.5	34.6	40.5	11.7	5.0	6.7	407.5
27,500-29,999		81.1	80.0	31.2	15.8	23.7	5.4	*1.6	8.7	247.5
30,000-34,999		118.3	92.5	35.1	19.4	30.9	5.8	9.0	13.2	324.2
35,000-39,999		61.8	47.7	27.8	11.9	13.9	6.5	*3.0	6.8	179.2
40,000-44,999		39.2	23.0	8.7	5.2	10.0	*2.0	3.9	7.0	99.1
45,000-49,999		16.8	15.4	*6.5	*4.2	*4.2	1	*1.6	1 666	51.0
50,000 and over		33.9	19.6	11.0	5.4	9.6	*2.3	*1.7	3.2	84.2
X 5 100 5 10 050						7.0	an cor	1.7		land.
Total		1,626.3	1,296.9	740.1	384.5	417.4	124.5	59.6	93.5	4,742.8
						—Dollars-	115.6			
Median income(\$)		20,000	20,000	18,420	19,000	20,180	19,470	22,080	26,000	19,810
Mean income(\$)	uruşa .	21,960	21,570	19,880	20,250	21,740	20,690	25,170	25,590	21,450
(a) Excludes 119,200	full-year, full-time	workers whose e	arned incom	e was zero.	13.460 13.460					
										2,300-14,5
\$180										
		0.5*		7.01						
							2.00			
					*8.3					
					862.8					

TABLE 10. FULL-YEAR, FULL-TIME WORKERS(a): GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME BY AGE BY SEX, 1985-86

			Age group (yea	ars)(b)		
Gross annual	I'ds N'T.	JA:30 JA:0	190	36.87. 192.	55 and	
earned income(\$)	15-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	over	Tota
		2000	MALES			
2,505-4,993		12.2 16.9	19.1	-000-		7*73
	1.10/		13061			
1- 2,499		8.7	*5.1	*8.3	14.7	39.:
2,500- 4,999	} 11.6	13.1	16.4	11.8	*5.6	56.
5,000- 7,499	20.0	22.1	13.6	18.8	13.2	87.
7,500- 9,999	49.8	17.5	24.3	20.3	13.5	125
10,000-12,499	607	31.1	28.8	37.9	17.7	184.
12,500-14,999	88 6	52.7	36.9	22.2	22.7	223.
15,000-17,499	857	114.3	82.5	57.6		390.
17,500-19,999	69.4	141.6	84.8	76.6		422.
20,000-22,999	51.6	148.5	122.3	64.2		436.0
22,500-24,999	18.7	104.3	86.2	56.5	26.7	292.
25,000-27,499	18.4	124.0	116.9	51.6	28.2	339.
27,500-29,999	*6.7	69.5	75.8	41.4	24.2	217.0
30,000-34,999	*8.0	78.1	115.4	48.3	26.5	276.
35,000-39,999)	36.1	67.6	39.9	18.3	164.7
	6.5 *3.0	19.1	37.9	19.7	12.4	90.3
40,000-44,999	*5.8				*7.3	
15,000-49,999	dille con J	*6.5	19.7	13.3		47.3
0,000 and over	1.10	13.7	28.4	22.0	13.3	78.5
Total	502.9	1,000.9	962.7	610.4	394.5	3,471.5
				—Dollars—		
Median income(\$)	15,180	21,640	24,010	22,000	20,040	21,000
Mean income(\$)	15,840	22,910	25,570	24,430	22,540	22,850
1 1 100			FEMALES	novej besud seodo engleso o	000 full-year, full-tin	(a) Excludes 119.
				-000'-		
1- 2,499	1		*6.7	*6.3)	18.3
2,500- 4,999	*5.7	11.4	8.9	*3.1	*3.4	27.2
5,000- 7,499	18.2	*4.2	*6.6	10.4	*7.2	46.7
7,500- 9,999	28.0	*7.6	*7.7	*7.1)	52.8
0,000-12,499	59.9	16.7	25.7	14.9	*6.2	121.0
2,500-14,999	74.2	37.7	41.9	23.1	11.0	187.9
5,000-17,499	70.3	72.9	56.9	43.1	15.0	258.1
-5.10° -30° (100°) - 10° (10° - 10° (10°)	29.5	63.8	36.3	30.7	*8.5	168.9
7,500-19,999				20.5	9.6	130.7
0,000-22,499	18.9	51.3	30.5 19.2		*6.2	80.9
2,500-24,999	*4.7	40.0		10.8		68.4
5,000-27,499		26.9	18.3	13.0	*7.3	
7,500-29,999	*4.2	13.4	10.7	*4.0	*5.8	29.8
0,000-34,999		*8.4	22.7	11.5)	47.9
5,000 and over	J	*8.3	13.3	*6.8	*4.1	32.6
Total	313.6	362.8	305.4	205.3	84.3	1,271.3
				—Dollars—		
Median income(\$)	13,900	18,730	17,780	17,090	17,530	16,900
Mean income(\$)	13,950	19,280	18,950	17,990	18,670	17,640

TABLE 10. FULL-YEAR, FULL-TIME WORKERS(a): GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME BY AGE BY SEX, 1985-86-continued

anin's	Persons	Age g	roup (year	s)(b)		Lingging	
						55 and	
15-24	25-34	-000	35-44		45-54	over	Tota
		PERSO	NS			l qualifications—	With post-school
15,650 445	8.203 4.003	9 58 3		-000-	31,11 22,41	n-tradaj/diploma	Gertificate (ne
*5.6	10.2		11.9		14.7	15.1	57.5
11.7	23.0		25.2		14.8	8.6	83.4
38.1	26.3		20.2		29.3	20.4	134.4
77.8	25.1		32.0		27.4	15.9	178.
128.7	47.8		54.5		52.8	21.5	305.2
162.7	90.4		78.8		45.3	33.7	411.0
156.0	187.3		139.4		100.7	65.2	648.0
98.9	205.5	*	121.1		107.3	58.4	591.
70.4	199.8		152.8		84.7	59.6	567.
23.5	144.3		105.4		67.3	32.8	373.3
21.2	150.9		135.2		64.6	35.5	407.:
*7.4	82.9		86.5		45.4	25.2	247.:
			138.1		59.8	31.3	324.
1			73.8		43.8	19.7	179.
+50	21.6		40.6		20.7	15.0	99.
*5.8	*7.8		21.2	2,021	14.0	*7.4	51.
7	15.3		31.4		23.1	13.3	84.
816.4	1,363.7		1,268.2		815.6	478.9	4,742.
				D. II			
				—Dollars—	200		
14 620	20.720		22 500	0.001	0 450	10 860	19.810
							21,450
	*5.6 11.7 38.1 77.8 128.7 162.7 156.0 98.9 70.4 23.5 21.2 *7.4 8.6 } *5.8	*5.6 10.2 11.7 23.0 38.1 26.3 77.8 25.1 128.7 47.8 162.7 90.4 156.0 187.3 98.9 205.5 70.4 199.8 23.5 144.3 21.2 150.9 *7.4 82.9 8.6 86.4 39.1 *5.8 21.6 *7.8 15.3 816.4 1,363.7	*5.6 10.2 11.7 23.0 38.1 26.3 77.8 25.1 128.7 47.8 162.7 90.4 156.0 187.3 98.9 205.5 70.4 199.8 23.5 144.3 21.2 150.9 *7.4 82.9 8.6 86.4 } *5.8 21.6 *7.8 15.3 816.4 1,363.7	*5.6 10.2 11.9 11.7 23.0 25.2 38.1 26.3 20.2 77.8 25.1 32.0 128.7 47.8 54.5 162.7 90.4 78.8 156.0 187.3 139.4 98.9 205.5 121.1 70.4 199.8 152.8 23.5 144.3 105.4 21.2 150.9 135.2 *7.4 82.9 86.5 8.6 86.4 138.1 } *5.8 21.6 40.6 *7.8 21.2 15.3 31.4 816.4 1,363.7 1,268.2	#5.6 10.2 11.9 11.7 23.0 25.2 38.1 26.3 20.2 77.8 25.1 32.0 128.7 47.8 54.5 162.7 90.4 78.8 156.0 187.3 139.4 98.9 205.5 121.1 70.4 199.8 152.8 23.5 144.3 105.4 21.2 150.9 135.2 *7.4 82.9 86.5 8.6 86.4 138.1 39.1 73.8 *5.8 21.6 40.6 *7.8 21.2 15.3 31.4 816.4 1,363.7 1,268.2 —Dollars—	#5.6 10.2 11.9 14.7 11.7 23.0 25.2 14.8 38.1 26.3 20.2 29.3 77.8 25.1 32.0 27.4 128.7 47.8 54.5 52.8 162.7 90.4 78.8 45.3 156.0 187.3 139.4 100.7 98.9 205.5 121.1 107.3 70.4 199.8 152.8 84.7 23.5 144.3 105.4 67.3 21.2 150.9 135.2 64.6 *7.4 82.9 86.5 45.4 8.6 86.4 138.1 59.8 86.5 45.4 8.6 86.4 138.1 59.8 \$39.1 73.8 43.8 43.8 \$21.6 40.6 20.7 \$7.8 21.2 14.0 15.3 31.4 23.1 \$16.4 1,363.7 1,268.2 \$15.6 \$\$\$\$\$-Dollars—\$	15-24 25-34 35-44 45-54 over

Without post-school qualification at age—
Left school at age—
18. or over 182.61

⁽a) Excludes 119,200 full-year, full-time workers whose earned income was zero. (b) At time of interview.

TABLE 11. FULL-YEAR, FULL-TIME WORKERS(a): MEAN GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME
BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT BY AGE BY SEX, 1985-86

Educational attainn	nent		Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Person
	55 and			15-24 YEARS(1)	ALC:	over h	Gross comm
				-, 000-		-Mean gro	oss annual earned	income (\$)-
With post-school qu	alifications—							
Degree			17.8	14.1	31.8	20.710	17.280	19,190
Certificate (non-ti	rade)/dinloma		32.8	92.9	125.8	15,650	14,490	14,790
Trade certificate	ade)/dipionic		133.3	9.1	142.4	18,380	14,320	18,120
Other			*8.2	8.7	16.8	*13,780	14,210	14,000
Total			192.1	124.8	316.9	17,940	14,770	16,690
Without most sahaal	analiGassiana	14.8				20.3		
Without post-school		29.3						
Left school at age	EST STATE		10.5	22.0	20.0	3 17 000	15 200	000
18 or over			42.5	28.3	70.9	17,220	15,200	16,410
17			80.2	02.0	143.0	15,560	14,300	15,010
16			99.5	51.5	151.0	13,230	12,920	13,120
15 or 14			87.0	45.8	132.8	13,740	11,670	13,030
13 or under					*	11 Co co *	*	on or observe
Total			310.8	188.8	499.6	14,540	13,410	14,120
10.00			310.0	8.521	8.00	14,540	13,410	17,120
Total(c)			502.9	313.6	816.4	15,840	13,950	15,110
	0.04	0.90		25-34 YEARS(b)	10.9 5.00	18.3	27 5130 70 00
	E IE	59.8		-, 000—	86.4	—Mean gro	oss annual earned	income(\$)—
				73.8		Mican Br	oss unitadi cariica	meome(s)
With post-school qua	lifications—							
Degree			146.4	67.5	213.9	28,790	24,860	27,550
Certificate (non-tr	ade)/dinloma		110.8	123.7	234.6	23,820	20,160	21,890
Trade certificate	ade), dipionia		289.6	12.5	302.0	23,010	14,950	22,670
Other				12.5				
			25.0	12.3	37.3	23,220	18,670	21,720
Total			571.8	216.0	787.8	24,650	21,240	23,720
Wish and most sale and	1:6:							
Without post-school								
Left school at age-			Charles -					
18 or over			83.3	19.1	102.3	20,980	17,350	20,300
17			103.7	33.6	137.3	21,660	16,380	20,370
16			107.7	48.2	155.9	20,190	16,830	19,150
15 or 14			122.4	44.0	166.4	19,990	15,470	18,790
13 or under			11.5		13.5	17,910	*	17,660
Total			428.7	146.8	575.4	20,580	16,380	19,510
Total			720.7	140.0	373.4	20,300	10,500	19,510
Total(c)			1,000.9	362.8	1,363.7	22,910	19,280	21,940
7,580- 9,999		28.0	1/2	35-44 YEARS(b)			> *6.2	24.0
								1000
				-, 000-		-Mean gros	ss annual earned in	ncome (\$)—
W'at								
With post-school qua	lifications—					And the second		4000
Degree			125.1	41.4	166.5	35,180	26,040	32,900
Certificate (non-tra	de)/diploma		148.7	79.1	227.9	30,620	20,460	27,100
Trade certificate			277.9	10.7	288.6	22,500	16,990	22,290
Other			17.5	*7.4	24.9	24,390	*18,710	22,710
Total			569.2	138.6	707.8	27,470	21,770	26,350
Without post-school	ualifications-		95.3	12		46.8	P.M. 1	32.6
Left school at age-								
18 or over			39.6	*4.0	43.6	26,680	*17,760	25,860
17			49.2	17.9	67.1	24,860	23,110	24,400
16					127.4	22,700		21,770
			89.8	37.7		23,790	16,940	21,770
15 or 14			185.8	89.0	274.8	21,200	15,530	19,360
13 or under			29.3	17.3	46.6	21,450	14,530	18,880
			393.6	165.9	559.4	22,820	16,620	20,980
Total								
Total Total(c)			962.7	305.4	1,268.2	25,570	18,950	23,970

TABLE 11. FULL-YEAR, FULL-TIME WORKERS(a): MEAN GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME BY EDUCATIONAL ATTAINMENT BY AGE BY SEX, 1985-86—continued

Educational attainment	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
Mean gross annual earned income (\$)		45-54 YEARS(b)		Denotes	-15 and	
	621.0	-000-	95C als	—Mean gro	oss annual earned	income (\$)—
With post-school qualifications—						
Degree	56.2	20.9	77.1	40,630	28,040	37,220
Certificate (non-trade)/diploma	80.5	54.4	134.9	31,110	20,410	26,800
Trade certificate	177.6	*8.5	186.1	22,490	*22,100	22,470
Other	10.1	*4.4	14.5	24,710	*17,510	22,520
Total	324.4	88.1	412.5	27,840	22,240	26,650
Without post-school qualifications— Left school at age—	0.26 1.18			engineers		
18 or over	11.3	\$ 300 B	11.3	20,250	mayurana prong	20,250
17	26.4	*4.6	31.0	20,690	*13,400	19,610
16	34.6	25.8	60.4	24,450	15,460	20,610
15 or 14	165.8	73.3	239.0	20,670	15,180	18,990
13 or under	46.9	12.1	58.9	17,400	11,890	16,270
Total	285.0	115.7	400.7	20,580	14,830	18,920
Total(c)	610.4	205.3	815.6	24,430	17,990	22,810
ACC 10 OCA 01* PAG CC	55 Y	EARS AND OV	ER(b)	officers and	d science technica	Wedical and
27,570 °17,310,sixnuos 25070	78.2	-000-	M ans	—Mean gro	ss annual earned	income (\$)—
With post-school qualifications—			-			
Degree Degree	25.4	*7.8	33.3	36,020	*27,370	33,990
Certificate (non-trade)/diploma	44.5	26.1	70.6	29,190	21,890	26,490
Trade certificate	107.8	*	109.3	22,310	21,090	22,230
Other	*4.4	5.00	*4.9	*14,320	*	*14,350
Total	182.2	35.9	218.1	25,710	22,770	25,230
Wed a second second					nd electronics tre	
Without post-school qualifications—		* 30	197			
Left school at age— 18 or over	06	*3.6	122	27.060	*21.050	26 100
17 OF OVER	8.6 12.8	*6.9	12.2 19.7	27,960 19,040	*21,950	26,180
16	25.7	10.7	36.4	29,200	*15,580	17,820
15 or 14	113.0	23.6	136.5	17,540	18,120 14,380	25,950 17,000
13 or under	51.8	*3.6	55.4	19,040	*10,240	18,460
Total	211.8	48.4	260.2	19,840	15,630	19,050
932,740 16,716 (2,130					ers and typists	
Total(c)	394.5	84.3	478.9	22,540	18,670	21,860
(87.87 05-2,71 05-8,61	33.5	ALL PERSONS		clerks areas	garyood bas gai	Filing, sort
		-000-		-Mean gro	ss annual earned	income (\$)—
With post-school qualifications—						
Degree	371.0	151.7	522.6	32,850	25,040	30,580
Certificate (non-trade)/diploma	417.5	376.2	793.7	27,580	18,980	23,500
Trade certificate	986.1	42.4	1,028.4	22,070	16,830	21,850
Other	65.2	33.2	98.3	21,970	17,310	20,400
Total (MA)	1,839.7	603.4	2,443.1	25,490	20,260	24,200
Without post-school qualifications—						
Left school at age—	202 107 0	0.32	040.0	01 (10)	16 500	
18 or over	185.3	55.0	240.3	21,610	16,580	20,460
0.2,00	272.3	125.8	398.1	20,220	16,150	18,940
16 15 or 14	357.2	173.9	531.1	20,220	15,570	18,700
	674.0	275.5	949.5	19,270	14,690	17,940
13 or under Total	140.9 1,629.8	35.3 665.5	176.3 2,295.3	18,890 19,870	13,260 15,270	17,760 18,540
Total(c)	3,471.5	1,271.3	4,742.8	22,850	17,640	21,450

⁽a) Excludes 119,200 full-year, full-time workers whose earned income was zero. (b) At time of interview. (c) May include a small number of persons who never attended school.

TABLE 12. FULL-YEAR, FULL-TIME WORKERS(a): MEAN GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME BY OCCUPATION, 1985-86

Occupation major and minor group(b)	Males	Females	Persons	Males	Females	Persons
		-0000-		—Mean gross	annual earned i	ncome (\$)—
Managers and administrators	526.4	94.5	621.0	25,430	18,790	24,420
Legislators and government appointed officials	***		542	20.000		20.200
General managers	51.8	25.1	54.3	39,920	27,900	39,390
Specialist managers	158.0	25.1	183.1	35,180		34,190
Turners and rarm managers	140.3	31.5 32.0	171.8 144.1	11,280 22,350	10,680 18,960	11,170 21,600
Managing supervisors (sales and service) Managing supervisors (other business)	63.1	*3.5	66.7	25,510	*18,460	25,140
wanaging supervisors (other business)	03.1	107 3.3	13818 00.7	25,510	10,400	23,140
Professionals	422.0	183.7	605.8	31,190	25,020	29,320
Natural scientists	28.9	*6.8	35.6	29,530	*23,740	28,430
Building professionals and engineers	81.1	*	81.1	35,430	Stituenth 10 marse-1	35,430
Health diagnosis and treatment practitioners	35.6	12.5	48.0	38,160	33,100	36,850
School teachers	84.5	106.4	190.9	27,110	24,830	25,840
Other teachers and instructors	21.9	11.7	39.6	34,370	28,080	32,510
Social professionals	30.1	*5.2	41.3	29,460	*25,660	28,980
Busiliess professionals	94.0	22.5	117.3	31,000	22,450	29,360
Artists and related professionals	19.0	*7.5	27.2	21,460	*20,620	21,230
Miscellaneous professionals	13.5	11.3	24.8	29,900	23,310	26,900
Para-professionals	218.5	92.5	311.0	27,220	19,530	24,930
Medical and science technical officers and		72.5	311.0	27,220	17,550	24,750
technicians	15.6	*6.7	22.3	22,940	*19,030	21,770
Engineering and building associates and technicians	74.4	*3.8	78.2	27,570	*17,310	27,070
Air and sea transport technical workers	14.1	990	14.1	43,460	enmeal carried in	43,460
Registered nurses	*5.5	61.1	66.6	*22,230	20,080	20,260
Police	31.2	*	33.1	26,930	74 250	26,700
Miscellaneous para-professionals	77.7	19.0	96.7	25,270	18,020	23,840
To je continente · sate co	0000	460	0225	10.510	14 120	19.240
Tradespersons Metal fitting and machining tradespersons	885.5 109.2	46.9	932.5 111.4	19,510 22,110	14,130	21,850
Metal fitting and machining tradespersons Other metal tradespersons	102.5		103.7	19,900	21,240 *	19,860
Electrical and electronics tradespersons	153.1		153.5	22,330		22,310
Building tradespersons	197.1	*	197.1	17,490	t-solveol qualific	17,490
Printing tradespersons	34.4	*6.1	40.6	23,440	*19,810	22,890
Vehicle tradespersons	1267		126.7	18,960	* 1941	18,960
Food tradespersons	61.0	12.0	73.0	17,480	15,150	17,100
Amenity horticultural tradespersons	27.1	*3.1	30.2	15,640	*13,700	15,440
Miscellaneous tradespersons	74.5	21.8	96.3	16,860	12,390	15,840
Clerks	269.7	483.9	753.5	22,890	16,940	19,070
Stenographers and typists	*4.1	153.2	157.3	*32,740	16,710	17,130
Data processing and business machine operators	12.3	34.9	47.2	24,120	16,940	18,820
Numerical clerks	101.6	130.7	232.3	22,550	17,240	19,560
Filing, sorting and copying clerks	16.2	37.0	53.2	19,860	17,540	18,240
Material recording and despatching clerks	58.0	20.2	78.2	23,210	18,070	21,880
Receptionists, telephonists and messengers	17.2	62.4	79.6	20,750	15,650	16,750
Miscellaneous clerks	60.2	45.5	105.7	23,660	17,650	21,070
Calamana and managed amile workers	254.6	190.5	445.1	19,340	14,240	17,160
Salespersons and personal service workers Investment, insurance and real estate salespersons	41.0	*6.1	47.1	21,290		21,340
Sales representatives	63.6	11.5	75.0	22,110	17,490	21,400
Sales assistants	86.1	89.6	175.7	17,960	13,350	15,610
Tellers, cashiers and ticket salespersons	14.5	25.7	40.2	18,880	14,980	16,390
Miscellaneous salespersons	38.2	23.7	61.9	15,230	12,870	14,330
Personal service workers	11.3	33.9	45.2	21,730	14,540	16,340
THE SOLION IN WHO.	412.7	510	1000	22 220	14.040	21 420
Plant and machine operators, and drivers	412.7	56.9	469.6	22,330	14,840	21,420
Road and rail transport drivers	174.0	*3.9	177.9 103.5	20,350 23,060	*20,570	20,360 23,060
Mobile plant operators (except transport)	103.5	CVI	62.6	27,110	15 510 * 6	27,160
14 1.	62.1 73.1	52.5	125.6	21,960	14,240	18,730
MERE 10 870 "15 2700 "15 200	oc e /6		0.000.1			
Labourers and related workers	456.5	121.9	578.4	18,840	14,860	18,000
Trades assistants and factory hands		47.0	156.3	19,960	15,000	18,470
Agricultural labourers and related workers	56.7	*4.1	60.8	14,650	*13,920	14,600
	39.4	27.3	66.7	17,060	14,750	16,110
Construction and mining labourers	103.8	*	103.8	20,290	14.000	20,290
Miscellaneous labourers and related workers	147.3	43.5	190.9	19,080	14,860	18,120
Defence	25.5		26.0	24,510	*	24,520
			4,742.8			
Total Total	3,471.5	1,271.3		22,850	17,640	21,450

⁽a) Excludes 119,200 full-year, full-time workers whose earned income was zero. (b) Classified according to the Australian Standard Classification of Occupations, ASCO 1986.

TABLE 13. FULL-YEAR, FULL-TIME WORKERS(a): MEAN GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME BY BIRTHPLACE, 1985-86

				Period of residence ((years)	
		Females	Maled ¹⁹⁰⁸	Females (2)	15 and	
Birthplace		0-4	5-9	10-14	over	Total
				-000-		
Australia		9.02	15.10.61	14.5	3,541.8	3,541.8
Overseas		84.7	121.4	148.0	846.9	1,201.0
Total		84.7	121.4	148.0	4,388.7	4,742.8
Overseas		5.68			666'6 -000'8	
English speaking co	untries	43.9	60.5	70.4	372.4	547.2
Non-English speakir		40.8	60.9	77.7	474.5	653.8
	9.72.					
Africa		*3.8	*6.2	*5.3	000,71-000, 19.1	34.4
America		*4.4	*3.8	*7.5	909.91-000.12.4	28.
Asia		20.8	38.3	37.3	62.5	158.8
Europe		42.1	45.7	84.6	725.2	897.6
Oceania		13.7	27.4	13.3	27.6	82.0
Occama		607.2	9 57 5		fotel	
Selected countries:		EMPLO				
Greece		. Dollars		*4.3	50.6	56.3
India			*	*7.5	15.4	25.3
Italy		8,400	*3.9	*5.5	119.2	128.0
Malta		9,710	* 11 250 1	*5.6	17.0	22.0
New Zealand		12.7	23.7	11.7	23.6	71.
		12.7	*3.8	nit-mat may-fiol-001;	00 accoulax 3 (a) 17.2	21.5
Poland		*3.8	*5.1		*3.5	14.0
South Africa		24.9	30.5	54.2	337.0	446.0
UK and Ireland				34.2	337.0	19.4
Vietnam		*4.8	13.7		44.6	50.7
West Germany		*4.3		*7.3	55.9	66.8
Yugoslavia			*3.5	+1.3	33.9	00.0
			—Mean s	gross annual earned	income (\$)—	
			148.0	202.0	254.7	
Australia					21,410	21,410
Overseas		21,660	19,910	20,010	22,080	21,58
Total		21,660	19,910	20,010	21,540	21,45
Overseas			1.000			
English speaking co		20,960	21,980	20,820	23,260	22,62
Non-English speaki	ng countries	22,420	17,850	19,280	21,160	20,70
Africa		*21,520	*17,370	*20,600	24,790	22,450
America		*15,650	*15,540	*17,080	27,340	21,180
Asia		26,030	17,290	20,960	21,790	21,066
Europe		20,970	21,830	19,780	21,540	21,37
Oceania		19,100	21,550	20,270	32,630	24,66
Selected countries:			11.5	#15 140	17,550	17,10
Greece			9.6	*15,140		25,59
India			*22.200	*25,500	27,070	
Italy			*22,290	*16,670	18,170	18,23
Malta		10.010	1779 01 (00	*15,770	21,740	20,26
New Zealand		19,310	21,620	20,140	32,300	24,48
Poland		*	*20,540	- Dollars =	21,090	20,79
South Africa		*21,520	*19,330		*26,610	22,89
UK and Ireland		22,110	22,830	21,140	22,490	22,33
Vietnam		*18,550	19,330	10,380	11,800	19,91
West Germany		*19,360	*		28,130	27,31
Yugoslavia		*	*19,390	*17,060	21,030	20,51

⁽a) Excludes 119,200 full-year, full-time workers whose earned income was zero.

TABLE 14. FULL-YEAR, PART-TIME WORKERS(a): GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME,
1985-86

Gross annual earned income(\$)	Males	Females	Persons
		-000-	36-gan
1- 1,999	12.1	52.2	64.3
2,000- 3,999	15.1	50.9	66.0
4,000- 5,999	20.8	81.3	102.0
6,000- 6,999	9.9	46.4	56.3
7,000- 7,999	10.3	50.9	61.2
8.000- 9.999	*8.5	80.5	89.0
10,000-11,999	11.4	72.4	83.8
12,000-13,999	8.8	52.0	60.8
14,000-15,999	*7.7	48.2	55.9
16,000-17,999	*3.9	20.8	24.7
18,000-19,999	*3.2	14.2	17.5
20,000-29,999	14.4	26.4	40.8
30,000 and over	*6.7	11.0	17.7
50,000 and over	0.7	11.0	27,220 17.7
Total	132.9	607.2	740.1
		—Dollars—	
Median income(\$)	7,770	8,400	8,300
Mean income(\$)	11,780	9,710	10,080

⁽a) Excludes 60,100 full-year, part-time workers whose earned income was zero.

TABLE 15. PART-YEAR, FULL-TIME WORKERS(a): GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME BY DURATION OF EMPLOYMENT, 1985-86

Gross annual earned income(\$)	Females	Males	Females	Person.
	EM	PLOYED FOR 1-14 W	EEKS	
			-0000-	
1- 999		12.3	14.5	26.7
1,000- 1,999		16.5	19.6	999,8 -1 36.1
2,000- 2,999		23.8	23.4	47.
3,000- 3,999		15.0	*8.2	23.2
4,000- 5,999	14.2	*8.4	*6.7	999 11-015.
6,000- 7,999		*4.8	*5.2	000.01-00*7.
8,000 and over		*4.4)	eve.21-000.
T1		05.2		999 (1-016)
Total		85.2	77.5	162.
			D !!	
			—Dollars—	
Madian income(6)		2.500	2.000	5,000-29,999
Median income(\$)		2,500	2,080	2,36
Mean income(\$)		2,950	2,760	2,86
101	EMF	PLOYED FOR 15-29 W	/EEKS	
			-000'-	
		44.0(000.21	10.7	Character and
1- 1,999		*4.8	*3.7	(8 dian income(5)
2,000- 2,999		8.9	*5.2	.14n income(5)
3,000- 3,999		13.0	*6.0	19.
4,000- 4,999		13.9 F AATY		27.
5,000- 5,999		16.2	15.1	31.
6,000- 6,999		20.7	15.0	35.
7,000- 7,999		16.0	15.9	31.
8,000- 9,999		14.0	15.1	29.
10,000-11,999		15.7	11.1	26.
12,000-13,999		9.3	1 +17	10.
14,000 and over		16.3	*4.7	19.
Total		149.0	105.7	254.
			—Dollars—	2,000 3,499
			Donaid	
Median income(\$)		6,790	6,440	6,70
Mean income(\$)		8,090	6,870	7 59
22.6	EMI	PLOYED FOR 30-39 W	T WAS RESIDEN	200 A - 1,30
<u>e.uk</u>	15.0	6.51		999.2902.2
			-000-	
0.85		MARIN		(500-6,999
1- 3,999		*4.0	*6.9	666' -0 10'
4,000- 5,999		*7.8	*6.4	eee.8 -0 14.
6,000- 7,999		12.7	14.0	26.
8,000- 9,999		18.9	10.0	28.
10,000-11,999		22.4	10.8	33.
12,000-13,999		15.5	8.9	24.
14,000-15,999		11.5	*7.9	19.
16,000-17,999		9.6	*6.1	12.
18,000-19,999		*7.3) 312	.IPO-15,999
20,000 and over		13.2	*3.3	16.
Silkyon ir neo i				
Total		122.9	74.3	197.
			Delle	
			—Dollars—	yavo ban 000,0
Median income(\$)		11,110	9,950	10,720
Mean income(\$)		12,660	10,380	11,800

TABLE 15. PART-YEAR, FULL-TIME WORKERS(a): GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME
BY DURATION OF EMPLOYMENT, 1985-86—continued

Gross annual earned income(\$)	Females	Males	Females	Person
	El	MPLOYED 40-49 WE	EKS	
			-0000-	64
		1236.21		
1- 5,999	0.01	9.9	13.6	23
6,000- 7,999		*6.2	15.3	21
8,000- 9,999	83.2	15.5	13.4	28
10,000-11,999		18.0	14.2	32
12,000-13,999		21.9	23.8	45
14,000-15,999		27.0	20.7	47
16,000-17,999		17.8	10.7	28
18,000-19,999		26.1	10.7	36
20,000-24,999		27.2	*7.2	34
25,000-29,999		13.7	} *8.4	20
30,000 and over		14.0	} -8.4	(Z)smooni mai(15
Total	2,760	197.5	138.0	(3)smiconi masi 335.
totat		W 46-13-04 GBYO.		
			—Dollars-	
Median income(\$)		15,990	12,700	14,67
Mean income(\$)	*5.2	17,360	13,170	15,63
	ALL PART	-YEAR, FULL-TIME	WORKERS	
35.1	15.0	20.7	-000-	5,000- 6,999
315			000	
1- 499		*7.0	*6.8	13.
500- 999		0.0	13.0	22
1,000- 1,499			*7.8	
1,500- 1,499		10.8	14.8	25.
2,000- 2,499		18.9	20.1	39.
2,500- 2,999		15.9	13.1	29.
3,000- 3,499		17.2	*7.4	24.
3,500- 3,499		14.0	9.3	23.
4,000- 4,499		15.5	14.5	(4)=100011 118 30.
		10.6	9.9	
4,500- 4,999 5,000- 5,499		11.0	11.4	20.
		11.2		22. 28.
5,500- 5,999		19.1	15.0	
6,000- 6,499 6,500- 6,999		14.3	17.8	36.
	8.0*		11.7	26.
7,000- 7,999		27.1 26.2	33.3	00.
8,000- 8,999			21.1	200
9,000- 9,999		26.4	19.2	45.
0,000-10,999		34.3	20.7	55.
1,000-11,999		21.8	15.4	37.
2,000-12,999	47.9	22.4	22.6	44.9
3,000-13,999		24.6	11.4	36.0
4,000-15,999		43.5	30.1	73.0
6,000-17,999		29.1	14.1	43.2
3,000-19,999		37.1	14.8	51.9
0,000-24,999		38.4	9.7	48.0
5,000-29,999 0,000 and over		18.0 17.8	} 10.6	26.8 19.6
otal		554.6	395.5	950.0
			—Dollars—	
		10,100	7,640	8,990
[edian income(\$)				

⁽a) Excludes 15,700 part-year, full-time workers whose earned income was zero.

TABLE 16. PART-YEAR, PART-TIME WORKERS(a): GROSS ANNUAL EARNED INCOME BY DURATION OF EMPLOYMENT, 1985-86

Gross annual earned income(\$)	Males	Females	Persons	
arrica income(o)	ylany	HYSIN (Dellicolled	0 342 330A 037 1	
PRATE Subushed Saw I	EMPLOYED FOR 1-29 V	VEEKS of and mo	taining results fr	
		-000'-		
cted with each reside	interview condu	00.7		
1- 999	22.1	82.7	104.8	
1,000- 1,999	12.6 *8.1	44.3	56.9	
2,000- 3,999	*7.5	51.0	59.1	
4,000- 5,999 6,000 and over	Maxel as day *8.1	22.6 15.5	30.1	
6,000 and over	Med soresonne	15.5	23.0	
Total	58.3	216.2	274.5	
		—Dollars—		The survey
Median income(\$)	1,500	1,500	1,500	
Mean income(\$)	2,760	2,210	2,320	
	toni larose	t the Milesey. Sh	ce at the time o	
ies — were trea esqu	EMPLOYED FOR 30-49	WEEKS	is, boarding nouse	ilimgs are notel avan parks, et
1- 999	*5.1	10.7	15.7	
1,000- 1,999	*7.3	23.2	30.5	
2,000- 3,999	10.3	42.8	53.2	
4,000- 5,999	10.3	46.1	56.4	Maxing Capte
6,000- 7,999	*8.2	40.8	48.9	
8,000- 9,999	dz ai zidT01*5.8	33.1	38.9	
10,000-11,999	*7.0	18.7	23.1	
12,000-13,999	506 Syan bloow 7.0	9.5	12.0	
14,000 and over	tralugoq slodw 9.9	18.2	28.1	
Total	63.9	243.0	306.9	
		—Dollars—		
Median income(\$)	5,860	5,970	5,900	
Mean income(\$)	7,190			
and the same	ALL PART-YEAR, PART-TIM	E WORKERS	and demographic	
att annua cosa	A STATES SOLDERED TO BE	Abber bearder	nton galityaobi dal	
		—000°—natoria		
1- 499	15.9	49.2	65.1	
500- 999	as mort bevire 11.3	44.2	55.4	
1,000- 1,499	8.8	36.6	45.4	
	110	31.0	42.0	
1,500- 1,999	11.0			
1,500- 1,999 2,000- 2,999	11.1 That	45.9	57.0	
2,000- 2,999 3,000- 3,999	11.1 *7.3 noise	45.9 47.9	55.3	
2,000- 2,999 3,000- 3,999 4,000- 4,999	11.1 *7.3 *8.4	45.9 47.9 37.8	55.3 46.3	
2,000- 2,999 3,000- 3,999 4,000- 4,999 5,000- 5,999	11.1 *7.3 *8.4 9.4	45.9 47.9 37.8 30.9	55.3 46.3 40.3	
2,000- 2,999 3,000- 3,999 4,000- 4,999 5,000- 5,999 6,000- 7,999	11.1 *7.3 *8.4 9.4 10.5	45.9 47.9 37.8 30.9 51.2	55.3 46.3 40.3 61.7	
2,000- 2,999 3,000- 3,999 4,000- 4,999 5,000- 5,999 6,000- 7,999 8,000- 9,999	11.1 *7.3 *8.4 9.4 10.5 *8.0	45.9 47.9 37.8 30.9 51.2 34.0	55.3 46.3 40.3 61.7 41.9	dustralia. The conding house 1986 INC
2,000- 2,999 3,000- 3,999 4,000- 4,999 5,000- 5,999 6,000- 7,999 8,000- 9,999 10,000-11,999	11.1 *7.3 *8.4 9.4 10.5 *8.0 *7.4	45.9 47.9 37.8 30.9 51.2 34.0 21.3	55.3 46.3 40.3 61.7 41.9 28.8	
2,000- 2,999 3,000- 3,999 4,000- 4,999 5,000- 5,999 6,000- 7,999 8,000- 9,999 10,000-11,999 12,000-13,999	11.1 *7.3 *8.4 9.4 10.5 *8.0 *7.4 *3.1	45.9 47.9 37.8 30.9 51.2 34.0 21.3 10.4	55.3 46.3 40.3 61.7 41.9 28.8 13.5	Australia, The conding house 1986 INC NUMBER
2,000- 2,999 3,000- 3,999 4,000- 4,999 5,000- 5,999 6,000- 7,999 8,000- 9,999 10,000-11,999 12,000-13,999 14,000 and over	11.0 11.1 *7.3 *8.4 9.4 10.5 *8.0 *7.4 *3.1 9.9	45.9 47.9 37.8 30.9 51.2 34.0 21.3 10.4 18.8	55.3 46.3 40.3 61.7 41.9 28.8 13.5 28.7	Australia, The conding house to the new test t
2,000- 2,999 3,000- 3,999 4,000- 4,999 5,000- 5,999 6,000- 7,999 8,000- 9,999 10,000-11,999 12,000-13,999 14,000 and over	11.0 11.1 *7.3 *8.4 9.4 10.5 *8.0 *7.4 *3.1 9.9	45.9 47.9 37.8 30.9 51.2 34.0 21.3 10.4 18.8	55.3 46.3 40.3 61.7 41.9 28.8 13.5 28.7	Australia, The conding house 1986 INC NUMBER cor Territory South Wales coria
2,000- 2,999 3,000- 3,999 4,000- 4,999 5,000- 5,999 6,000- 7,999 8,000- 9,999 10,000-11,999 12,000-13,999 14,000 and over	11.0 11.1 *7.3 *8.4 9.4 10.5 *8.0 *7.4 *3.1 9.9	45.9 47.9 37.8 30.9 51.2 34.0 21.3 10.4 18.8	55.3 46.3 40.3 61.7 41.9 28.8 13.5 28.7	
2,000- 2,999 3,000- 3,999 4,000- 4,999 5,000- 5,999 6,000- 7,999 8,000- 9,999 10,000-11,999 12,000-13,999 14,000 and over	11.0 11.1 *7.3 *8.4 9.4 10.5 *8.0 *7.4 *3.1 9.9	45.9 47.9 37.8 30.9 51.2 34.0 21.3 10.4 18.8	55.3 46.3 40.3 61.7 41.9 28.8 13.5 28.7	Australia, The ponding house 1986 INC NUMBER c or Territory r South Wales crist th Australia
2,000- 2,999 3,000- 3,999 4,000- 4,999 5,000- 5,999 6,000- 7,999 8,000- 9,999 10,000-11,999 12,000-13,999 14,000 and over	11.0 11.1 *7.3 *8.4 9.4 10.5 *8.0 *7.4 *3.1 9.9	45.9 47.9 37.8 30.9 51.2 34.0 21.3 10.4 18.8 459.2	55.3 46.3 40.3 61.7 41.9 28.8 13.5 28.7	Australia, The ponding house 1986 INC NUMBER c or Territory or is th Australia

(a) Excludes 9,900 part-year, part-time workers whose earned income was zero.

APPENDIX 1

EXPLANATORY NOTES

This publication presents data on persons with earned income. It replaces the publication previously advertised as containing results from the 1986 Income Distribution Survey — viz. Income and Housing Survey — Income of Individuals, Australia, (6502.0).

Scope

Geographical areas

2. The survey covered both rural and urban areas in all States and Territories.

Dwellings

3. The survey covered both private and special dwellings. Private dwellings are houses, flats, home units, garages, tents and any other structures used as private places of residence at the time of the survey. Special dwellings are hotels, boarding houses, construction camps, caravan parks, etc.

Persons

- 4. The survey included all persons aged 15 or over except:
 - (a) certain diplomatic personnel of overseas governments, customarily excluded from census and estimated populations;
 - (b) overseas residents in Australia;
 - (c) members of non-Australian defence forces (and their dependants) stationed in Australia;
 - (d) persons who migrated to Australia after 30 June 1986; and
 - (e) students in boarding schools and residents of institutions such as hospitals and sanatoria, and inmates of gaols, reformatories, etc.

Survey design

5. The survey was based on a multi-stage area sample of private dwellings and non-private dwellings, and covered about one-sixth of one per cent of the population of Australia. The following table shows the number of responding households across States and Territories.

1986 INCOME DISTRIBUTION SURVEY: NUMBER OF RESPONDING HOUSEHOLDS

The same of the sa		The second second	The second second second	
State or Territory	Metro- politan	Other urban	Rural	Total
New South Wales	1,313	587	159	2,059
Victoria	1,221	326	116	1,663
Queensland	659	552	190	1,401
South Australia	842	193	107	1,142
Western Australia	842	194	79	1,115
Tasmania	222	242	99	563
Northern Territory	0	68	4	72
Australian Capital Territory	0	134	40	174
Australia	5,099	2,296	794	8,189

Data collection method

- 6. The survey was conducted throughout Australia in the period September to December 1986. The information was obtained by trained interviewers in a personal interview conducted with each resident aged 15 or over in the selected dwelling.
- 7. Respondents were asked to refer to personal records such as taxation assessment or return forms, group certificates, pay slips, etc. to enhance the accuracy of the data.
- 8. Persons with income from their own business who did not know their annual income were asked if the interviewers could call back when their records were available. Call-backs were made in February to March 1987.

Reliability of the estimates

9. The estimates provided in this publication are subject to two types of error.

Sampling error

10. This is the difference which would be expected between the estimate and the corresponding figure that would have been obtained from a collection based on the whole population, using the same questionnaires and procedures. A measure of the sampling error for a given estimate is provided by the standard error expressed as a percentage of the estimate (relative standard error). In this publication, estimates with a relative standard error between 30 and 50 per cent are preceded by an *. Estimates with a relative standard error greater than 50 per cent are suppressed and replaced by an *. Appendix 3 contains a discussion of sampling error as well as giving details for calculating the relative standard error for selected estimates in this publication.

Non-sampling error

- 11. These errors can occur whether the estimates are derived from a sample or from a complete enumeration, and are usually referred to as non-sampling errors. Three major sources of non-sampling error are:
 - (a) inability to obtain comprehensive data from all persons included in the sample. These errors arise because of differences which exist between the characteristics of respondents and nonrespondents;
 - (b) errors in reporting on the part of both respondents and interviewers. These reporting errors may arise through inappropriate wording of questions, misunderstanding of what data are required, inability or unwillingness to provide accurate information and mistakes in answers to questions; and
 - (c) errors arising during processing of the survey data. These processing errors may arise through mistakes in coding and data recording.

12. Non-sampling errors are difficult to measure in any collection. However, every effort was made to minimise these errors. In particular, the effect of the reporting and processing errors described above was minimised by careful questionnaire design, intensive training and supervision of interviewers, asking respondents to refer to records whenever possible and extensive editing and quality control checking at all stages of data processing.

Interpretation of results

- 13. As the estimates are based on a sample, they are subject to sampling variability. In addition, estimates are subject to reporting errors. Although some respondents referred to their records, in many cases the answers to the questions on income were based on memory. Some understatement in the estimates may be expected because of imperfect recall or misunderstanding, particularly of minor sources of income.
- 14. For a number of reasons income received by a person does not necessarily reflect his or her living standard. Gifts and donations - for example those made by relatives or charities — were not counted as income even though in many cases they may have been an important means of support. Some people may have chosen to live off savings. Others have received benefits not involving direct cash payments, e.g. employment benefits of various kinds.
- 15. For certain persons, annual income as measured in this survey may not reflect actual circumstances over the period. Such persons are of two types:
 - (a) persons not in a position to receive income as defined for the full period (e.g. migrants who arrived part way through the period); and
 - (b) persons who may have been dependants at some time during the period but were not at time of interview. In this case, attributes measured at time of interview (e.g. marital status, school attendance) are not appropriate variables by which to classify annual income.
- 16. Consequently, the following persons have been excluded from tables on annual income of individuals:
- (a) females who changed marital status after 30 June 1985 (262,000 females);
 - (b) persons aged 15-20 years who attended school full time for part of the 1985-86 financial year (250,400 persons);

- (c) persons aged 15-20 years who were attending school full time at the time of interview (622,100 persons);
- (d) persons who migrated to Australia during 1985-86 (70,300 persons);
- (e) persons who migrated to Australia after 30 June 1986 (39,800 persons);
- (f) Australians who were overseas for more than 12 weeks during 1985-86 but not for the full year and worked during that time for a non-Australian business (27,900 persons); and
- (g) Australians who were overseas for the full twelve months during 1985-86 (16,500 persons).

Symbols and other usages

- 17. The following symbols, where shown in columns of figures or elsewhere in tables mean:
 - not applicable
 - not available n.a.
 - estimates preceded by an * indicate a standard error for that estimate of between 30 and 50 per cent. Estimates replaced by an * indicate a standard error for that estimate of more than 50 per cent.
- 18. Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals. Published percentages in tables are calculated prior to rounding of the figures and therefore some discrepancy may exist between these percentages and those that could be calculated from the rounded figures.

Electronic services

VIATEL. Key *656# for selected current economic, social and demographic statistics.

Thousands of up-to-date time series are AUSSTATS. available on this ABS on-line service through CSIRONET.

> For further information phone the AUSSTATS Help Desk on (062) 52 6017.

TELESTATS. This service provides foreign trade statistics tailored to users' requirements.

Further information is available on (062) 52 5404.

12. Non-sampling errors are difficult to measure 2 XIDNAPPA persons aged 15-20 years who were attending

GLOSSARY

Deciles. Ten per cent groupings of the estimated population when income recipients or income units are ranked in ascending order according to each income recipient's or income unit's total gross income.

Earned income. Gross income from wages or salary, and from own business, trade or profession paid to persons who worked for one hour or more in 1985-86.

Employed person. Person aged 15 years or more, who in his or her main job:

- (a) worked for one hour or more for pay, profit, commission or payment in kind in a job or business, or on a farm (including employees, employers and self-employed persons); or
- (b) worked for fifteen hours or more without pay in a family business or on a farm; or
- (c) was an employee who had a job but was not at work and was: on paid leave; on leave without pay for less than four weeks prior to the placement date; stood down without pay because of bad weather or plant breakdown at their place of employment for less than four weeks prior to the placement date; on strike or locked out; on workers' compensation and expected to be returning to their job; or receiving wages or salary while undertaking full-time study; or
 - (d) was an employer or self-employed person who had a job, business or farm, but was not at work.

Full-time workers. Persons were classified as full-time workers on the basis of the kind of work in which they were mostly engaged during 1985-86, full-time work being defined as work occupying 35 hours or more per week.

Full-year, full-time workers are those who had worked in Australia for at least 50 weeks during the year 1985-86, and had been engaged mostly in full-time work. A person who had worked for 26 weeks full time and 24 weeks part time would have been classified as a full-year, full-time worker; however it should be noted that most persons who work for a full year engage in either full-time or part-time work, but not in both. Full-year, full-time workers whose earned income was zero are excluded (119,200 persons).

Full-year, part-time workers are those who had worked in Australia for at least 50 weeks during the year 1985-86 and had been engaged mostly in part-time work. Full-year, part-time workers whose earned income was zero are excluded (60,100 persons).

Gini coefficient. This is one of the most widely used indices for measuring inequality of income. The index,

always between 0 and 1, is low for populations with relatively equal income distributions and high for populations with relatively unequal distributions.

Government pensions and benefits includes income received through programs of assistance to aged persons, incapacitated and handicapped persons, unemployed and sick persons, veterans and their dependants, widowed and single parents, families and children, and other social security and welfare programs. Family allowance payments are included.

Gross annual income is income from all sources during 1985-86 before tax or any other deductions are made. This includes income from wages or salary; own business, trade or profession (including share in partnership); government pensions and benefits; superannuation; interest, rent and dividends; other sources such as maintenance or alimony.

Interest, rent, dividends, etc. includes gross income from interest on savings, bonds, debentures, etc., dividends from stocks and shares, net income from rental of a house or other property and net royalties.

Labour force. Persons were classified as being in the labour force if they were employed or unemployed.

Mean income is the amount obtained by dividing the total income of a group (e.g. full-year, full-time workers in a given age group) by the number in that group.

Median income is that level of income which divides a group of income recipients or income units into two equal parts, one half having incomes above the median and the other having incomes below it.

Other sources refers to gross income from other than wages or salary, own business, government pensions and benefits, superannuation or interest, rent or dividends. It comprises gross income from items such as private educational scholarships; maintenance or alimony; a trust or will; and an annuity. Income paid at regular intervals and received by a beneficiary under a will, settlement, deed, gift or instrument or trust was included. However, a lump sum payment from any of these sources was not regarded as income.

Own business, trade or profession (including income from a share in a partnership). In these cases, income was defined to be net of business expenses. If income had not been received in 1985-86 or a loss had been made, income from these sources was recorded as nil.

Part-time workers. Persons were classified as part-time workers on the basis of the kind of work in which they were mostly engaged during 1985-86, part-time work being defined as work occupying less than 35 hours a week.

Part-year, full-time workers are those who had worked in Australia for less than 50 weeks during the year 1985-86 and had been engaged mostly in full-time work. A person who had worked for 25 weeks full time and for 24 weeks part time would have been classified as a part-year, full-time worker; however, it should be noted that most persons who work for less than a year engage in either full-time or part-time work but not in both. Part-year, full-time workers whose earned income was zero are excluded (15,700 persons).

Part-year, part-time workers are those who had worked in Australia for less than 50 weeks during the year 1985-86 and had been engaged mostly in part-time work. Part-year, part-time workers whose earned income was zero are excluded (9,900 persons).

Principal source of earned income is the source which contributed most (the greatest proportion) to total earned income.

Private income comprises income from wages or salary; own business, trade or profession; superannuation; interest, rent and dividends; and other sources.

Superannuation comprises gross income from regular payments made to a person or his survivors by a former employer, either directly or through a superannuation fund, insurance company, etc. Any lump sum payment received by a person on his retirement was excluded.

Unemployed persons are those aged fifteen years and over who were not employed during the survey week, and

- (i) had actively looked for full-time or part-time work at any time in the four weeks up to the end of the survey week and;
 - were available for work in the survey week, or would have been available except for temporary illness (i.e. lasting for less than four weeks to the end of the survey week); or
 - were waiting to start a new job within four weeks from the end of the survey week and would have started in the survey week if the job had been available then; or
- (ii) were waiting to be called back to a full-time or part-time job from which they had been stood down without pay for less than four weeks up to the end of the survey week (including the whole of that week) for reasons other than bad weather or plant breakdown.

Wages or salary was defined as the gross income from all wage or salary jobs and limited liability companies before the deduction of tax. The value of items such as payments in kind, employer contributions to board or rent, gratuities and tips, etc. were not recorded as income.

APPENDIX 3

TECHNICAL NOTE ON SAMPLING VARIABILITY

Estimation procedure

Estimates derived from the survey were obtained by using a complex ratio estimation procedure which ensures that the survey estimates conform to an independently estimated distribution of the population by age and sex rather than to the age and sex distribution within the sample itself.

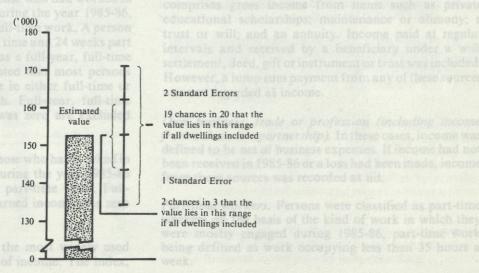
Reliability of the estimates

- 2. Since the estimates in this publication are based on information obtained from occupants from a sample of dwellings they are subject to sampling variability; that is, they may differ from the figures that would have been produced if all dwellings had been included in the survey. One measure of the likely difference is given by the *standard error*, which indicates the extent to which an estimate might have varied by chance because only a sample of dwellings was included. There are about two chances in three that the sample estimate will differ by less than one standard error from the figure that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included, and about nineteen chances in twenty that the difference will be less than two standard errors. Another measure of the likely difference is the *relative standard error*, which is obtained by expressing the standard error as a percentage of the estimate.
- 3. Space does not allow for the separate indication of the standard errors of the estimates in this publication. Standard errors of estimates of population numbers (i.e. persons or income units) can be obtained from Table A. Standard errors of non-population estimates (e.g. mean income) are obtained by using the appropriate factor from Table B in conjunction with Table A.

Standard errors of population estimates

- 4. The size of the standard error increases with the level of the estimate, so that the larger the estimate the larger is the standard error. However, it should be noted that the larger the sampling estimate the smaller will be the standard error in percentage terms. Thus, larger sample estimates will be relatively more reliable than smaller estimates.
- 5. As the standard errors in Table A show, the smaller the estimate the higher is the relative standard error. Very small estimates are subject to such high standard errors (relative to the size of the estimate) as to detract seriously from their value for most reasonable uses. Only estimates with relative standard errors less than 30 per cent are considered sufficiently reliable for most purposes. However, estimates with relative standard errors between 30 per cent and 50 per cent are included in this publication preceded by the symbol * as a caution to indicate that they are subject to high standard errors. Estimates with relative standard errors greater than 50 per cent are not included but are indicated with the symbol *. Although values for these small components can sometimes be obtained by subtraction, they should not be regarded as reliable.
- 6. An example of the calculation and use of standard errors is as follows:

From Table 10 the estimated number of persons in the 35-44 year age group earning \$20,000-\$22,499 per year is 152,800. From Table A we see that since the estimate is between 100,000 and 200,000 the standard error is between 7,900 and 10,500. By interpolating we estimate the standard error to be 9,300 (to nearest 100). Therefore there are about two chances in three that the value would have fallen within the range 143,500 to 162,100 if all dwellings were included and about nineteen chances in twenty that the value would have fallen in the range 134,200 to 171,400. This example is illustrated in the following diagram.



Standard errors of non-population estimates

7. The standard errors of non-population estimates are obtained by multiplying the relative standard errors of the corresponding population estimates by the appropriate factor from Table B.

For example:

From Table 1, the mean gross annual income from Government pension and benefit sources for married females working full-year, part-time is \$600. This estimate corresponds to an estimated 525,100 people in that category (from Table 4), which has a relative standard error of 2.9 per cent (from Table A). From Table B, the factor for persons who received Government pensions and benefits is 1.5, hence the estimate of mean has a relative standard error of 4.4 per cent which corresponds to a standard error of \$26.

Standard errors of proportions and percentages

- 8. Proportions and percentages formed from the ratio of two estimates are also subject to sampling errors. The size of the error depends on the accuracy of both the numerator and the denominator. There are two types of ratios each with a different relative standard error formula.
- 9. For the first type of ratio the denominator is an estimate of number of people in a grouping, while the numerator is either an estimate of some quantity for that grouping (a non-person estimate) or the number of people in a subgroup of the denominator group. The formula for this ratio is given below (it should be used for all ratios except for the last column of Table 1):

RSE% (
$$^{x}/_{y}$$
) = $\sqrt{[RSE\%(x)]^{2} - [RSE\%(y)]^{2}}$

For example:

From Table 2, 14.2 per cent of the fourth decile of persons with earned income are aged 45-54 years. Since the decile estimate of total persons is 701,600, the estimate of the number of persons aged 45-54 years with earned income in the decile must have been 99,600. Hence the 14.2 per cent estimate will have relative standard error per cent:

=
$$\sqrt{[RSE\% (99,600)]^2 - [RSE\% (701,600)]^2} = \sqrt{(7.92)^2 - (2.39)^2}$$

= 7.6%

giving a standard error of 1.1 percentage points.

Therefore, there are two chances in three that the percentage that would have been obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey is in the range of 13.1 per cent to 15.3 per cent and about nineteen chances in twenty that it is in the range 12.0 per cent to 16.4 per cent.

10. In the second type, the denominator is a non-person estimate. For this case an appropriate formula must be used which generally overestimates the relative standard error. The formula for this ratio is given below:

RSE%
$$(^{x}/_{y}) = \sqrt{[RSE\%(x)]^{2} + [RSE\%(y)]^{2}}$$

For example:

From Table 1, the estimate of earned income as a percentage of total income for full-year, part-time workers is 83.0 per cent. The estimated total gross annual income (the denominator) is \$12,140, the number of persons contributing to this estimate is 740,100 (from Table 4) and the appropriate factor for calculating the relative standard errors of means is 0.8 (from Table B); the estimated total private-earned income (the numerator) is \$10,080, the number of persons contributing to this estimate is 740,100 (from Table 4) and the appropriate factor for calculating the relative standard errors for means is 1.1. Hence the 83.0 per cent estimate will have a relative standard error per cent:

=
$$\sqrt{[RSE\% (10,080)]^2 + [RSE\% (12,140)]^2} = \sqrt{(2.54)^2 + (1.84)^2}$$

= 3.14%

giving a standard error of 2.6 percentage points.

11. The difference between survey estimates is also an estimate and is therefore subject to sampling variability. The standard error of the difference between two survey estimates depends on the standard errors of the original estimates and on the relationship (correlation) between the two original estimates. An approximate standard error of the difference between two estimates (x-y) may be calculated by the formula:

Standard error (x-y) =
$$\sqrt{[\text{Standard error (x)}]^2 + [\text{Standard error (y)}]^2}$$

While this formula will only be exact for differences between separate and uncorrelated (unrelated) characteristics or subpopulations, it is expected to provide a good approximation for all differences likely to be of interest.

For example:

From Table 10, 436,600 males and 130,700 females earn between \$20,000 and \$22,499 per year. The difference between those figures is 305,900 which will have standard error:

Standard error =
$$\sqrt{(14,100)^2 + (8,700)^2}$$

= 16,600 (to nearest 100)

Thus there are about two chances in three that the difference that would be obtained if all dwellings had been included in the survey is within the range 289,300 to 322,500 and nineteen chances in twenty that this difference is between 272,700 and 339,100.

12. Table C shows the estimated standard errors of the upper boundaries of the decile groups shown in Tables 2 and 5.

TABLE A. STANDARD ERRORS FOR ESTIMATES OF PERSONS AND INCOME UNITS

Size of estimate	N.S.W.	Vic.	Qld	diwahoz	W.A.	Tas.	N.T.	A.C.T.	sta sta	Relative andard erroi ent)(a)
1,300 1,500 1,800 2,000 2,500 3,000 3,500 4,000 4,500 5,000 6,000 10,000 20,000 500,000 1,000,000 2,000,000 1,000,000 2,000,000 1,000,000 2,000,000 1,000,000 2,000,000 1,000,000 2,000,000	$ \begin{cases} 1,900 \\ 2,000 \\ 2,100 \\ 2,300 \\ 2,900 \\ 3,950 \\ 5,800 \\ 7,700 \\ 10,200 \\ 11,800 \\ 14,300 \\ 18,300 \\ 23,200 \\ 31,200 \\ 38,500 \end{cases} $	$ \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 1,900 \\ 2,050 \\ 2,150 \\ 2,300 \end{array} \right. 2,900 \\ 3,900 \\ 5,700 \\ 7,400 \\ 9,500 \\ 11,000 \\ 13,000 \\ 16,100 \\ 19,700 \\ 25,300 \end{array} $	1,400 1,500 1,600 1,700 1,750 1,900 2,400 3,250 4,700 6,100 7,900 9,000 10,600 13,100 16,000 20,200	870 910 1,000 1,100 1,150 1,250 1,300 1,350 1,350 1,500 1,850 2,400 3,400 4,350 5,500 6,200 7,300 8,800 10,600	\$\begin{array}{c} 970 \\ 1,050 \\ 1,150 \\ 1,250 \\ 1,300 \\ 1,400 \\ 1,450 \\ 1,550 \\ 1,950 \\ 2,550 \\ 3,600 \\ 4,650 \\ 5,900 \\ 6,700 \\ 7,800 \\ 9,600 \\ 11,600 \end{array}\$	570 600 650 690 760 820 870 920 970 1,000 1,100 1,350 1,700 2,350 2,900 3,550 3,950 4,450	820 850 930 1,000 1,050 1,100 1,150 1,200 1,300 1,600 2,050 2,850 3,650 4,600	620 650 700 730 800 950 990 1,050 1,100 1,300 1,600 2,100 2,550 3,000 3,250 3,600	\$\begin{cases} 1,650 \\ 1,750 \\ 1,850 \\ 1,950 \\ 2,150 \\ 2,750 \\ 3,850 \\ 5,900 \\ 7,900 \\ 10,500 \\ 12,300 \\ 15,000 \\ 19,300 \\ 24,600 \\ 33,000 \\ 40,600 \\ 49,400	46.7. 43.8. 41.3. 39.3. 35.99. 11.7. 7.99. 5.3. 4.1. 1.9. 1.2. 0.7. 0.4. 0.2.

⁽a) In this publication estimates with a relative standard error of more than 50 per cent have not been shown. Brackets around standard errors indicate a relative standard error exceeding 30 per cent.

TABLE B. NON-POPULATION ESTIMATE RSE FACTORS

		Mean Median factors factors
Includes data on the dependent on the will allow the come and presented and labour force.		1985 Income Diaribunon Survey To fulfil users' requirements from th 7.0 urvey, a dissemination program has been drawn up. T 0.1 program consists of three major components. 1. Publications. A number of ABS publications are
	Persons Government pensions and benefits:	being designed to meet the needs of most 18.0 s. These publications are briefly described below and may be purchased through the mail or over the co. 2.1 er from
	Earned income: Full-year, full-time Males Females Persons Own business, trade or profession	offices of the Australian Bureau of Statistics in each capital city. 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7.0 7
	Part-year, full-time Full-year, part-time	Details of all publications, including a summary of their contents, are give 1.1
	Part-year, part-time Males Females Persons	21.1 Service Planting Control Service Preliming Service 1.3 1.5 0.0 0.1 0.0 0.1 1.3
	Mean income within deciles highest and lowest deciles other deciles	Contains preliminary data for income units on a current and annual basis, and for persons with carned income on an annual basis. 1.0
	Other private income: Full-year, full-time workers All other workers	1986 Income Distribution Survey, Persons with Earned Income (6546.0) (\$8.00, including postage) 0.8 2.6
	Australian Families, 1982 (4408.0)	Contains data on persons with earned income and

TABLE C. STANDARD ERRORS OF UPPER BOUNDARIES OF DECILE GROUPS Decile

Decile	ease June 1988 (\$10.50, inch SE	
1	80	
2	130	
3	130	
4	130	
5	130	
6	130	
7	130	
8	130	
9	250	
10		

APPENDIX 4

PUBLICATION AND DATA DISSEMINATION PROGRAM

1986 Income Distribution Survey

To fulfil users' requirements from the survey, a dissemination program has been drawn up. This program consists of three major components.

- 1. Publications. A number of ABS publications are being designed to meet the needs of most users. These publications are briefly described below and may be purchased through the mail or over the counter from offices of the Australian Bureau of Statistics in each capital city.
- 2. Additional special-purpose tabulations may be produced on request but full costs of production will have to be met.

Details of all publications, including a summary of their contents, are given below.

1986 Income Distribution Survey, Preliminary Results (6545.0)

Contains preliminary data for income units on a current and annual basis, and for persons with earned income on an annual basis.

1986 Income Distribution Survey, Persons with Earned Income (6546.0) (\$8.00, including postage)

Contains data on persons with earned income and examines the relationship between levels of earned income and demographic and social characteristics of the recipients, e.g. age, sex, labour force experience, educational qualifications, occupation, etc.

1986 Income Distribution Survey, Income Units (6523.0) — expected release June 1988 (\$10.50, including postage)

Presents data on income units. Includes data on private income and on income units dependent on government pensions and benefits. It will allow the identification of units with low income and present statistics on their demographic and labour force characteristics.

Information Paper: 1986 Income Distribution Survey, Sample File on Magnetic Tape (6543.0)-released 1 February 1988.

This information paper provides technical and other details of the sample file, conditions of use and how to order it.

Australia's Low Income Population (4114.0)

This publication will be a statistical report focussing on Australia's low income population. Special emphasis will be given to identifying the characteristics of income units and families at the lower end of the income distribution.

Related publications

Users may also wish to refer to the following publications:

Income of Individuals, Australia, 1981-82 (6502.0)

Income of Income Units, Australia, 1981-82 (6523.0)

Social Indicators No. 4, 1984 (4101.0)

Australian Families, 1982 (4408.0)

Current publications produced by the ABS are listed in the Catalogue of Publications, Australia (1101.0). The ABS also issues, on Tuesdays and Fridays, a Publications Advice (1105.0) which lists publications to be released in the next few days. The Catalogue and Publications Advice are available from any ABS office.

Printed by R.D. RUBIE, Commonwealth Government Printer, Canberra (c) Commonwealth of Australia 1988

Recommended retail price: \$8.50



2065460012862 ISBN 0 642 13456 1